



Birthday Gifts

FOR YOUNG AND OLD.

Scarcely anything gives a person more genuine joy than the realization that some friend has remembered him on some particular occasion, whether it be one of gladness or one of sadness. Especially is this true in the giving of birthday gifts to children. It gives joy to the parent and to the little folk as well.

This store is particularly well stocked with articles for just such purposes. A gift from this store is not only pretty and useful, but it is lasting. We link together good goods and lowest prices.

Silver Mugs, \$1.25. Napkin Rings, 50c. Bracelets, 25c and up. Necklets, 75c. Rings, 75c. Brooch Pins 25c.

Challoner & Mitchell

CHOICE HAVANA CIGARS

Hy. Clay, El Ecuador, El Triunfo

IMPORTED BY

Hudson's Bay Co.,

VICTORIA, B. C.

Something to Please

You will find in our stock of Wines and Liquors that which will please you. The rare quality of all the goods we sell, the care to provide you with the very best, is what insures your satisfaction. The absolute purity of these goods recommends them for medicinal or social purposes.

CATAWBA WINE..... 50c. bottle
CALIFORNIA CLARET..... 25c. bottle
FRENCH CLARET..... 50c. bottle
LABATT'S ALE, pilsner..... \$1.25 dozen
LABATT'S ALE, currier..... \$2.00 dozen

Dixie H. Ross & Co., Cash Grocers

NOW IS THE TIME FOR INSIDE PAINTING AND PAPERHANGING.

Don't leave your work until the painter is busy—start early, and you will have your work done before your neighbor is awake.

J. W. MELLOR & CO., LIMITED, 78 FORT STREET.

PHONE, 408.

POTATOES 75 Cents per 100 Lbs.

GUARANTEED GOOD.

Telephone 413 SYLVESTER FEED CO., City Market

MONTREAL NOTES.

Unfounded Report Regarding Dominion Iron and Steel Works—Customs Receipts.

(Associated Press.)
Montreal, June 1.—The customs receipts here were \$148,000 over May last year. The rainfall for the month of May, as recorded at McGill University, was .12 of an inch, the smallest on record. Vegetables all through Eastern Ontario and Western Quebec is practically ruined.

The directors of the Dominion Iron and Steel Company met on Saturday. Nothing was given out as to the business transacted, but an emphatic denial was given to the story published in a local paper on Saturday that there was a possibility of the works shutting down if the government did not give increased protection. The works will not be closed.

The longshoremen held a meeting to-day and appointed a committee to wait upon Sir Thomas Shaughnessy. Their complaint is that shippers are not living up to the terms of the agreement. It is not expected trouble will ensue.

BREAD RAISED.

(Associated Press.)
Toronto, June 1.—The price of bread was raised 11 per cent. to-day. Three pounds loaves now sell at 9 instead of 8 cents.

PRESENTED AT COURT.

Mrs. Henri Gustave de Lotbiniere at Buckingham Palace.

(Associated Press.)
Toronto, June 1.—The News London cable says: "Mrs. Henri Gustave de Lotbiniere, wife of Capt. H. G. de Lotbiniere, and daughter-in-law of the Lieut.-Governor of British Columbia, was presented to the King and Queen at the last court at Buckingham Palace. The presentation was made by the Duchess of Portland."

THE FRASER RIVER.

(Associated Press.)
Lytton, B. C., June 1.—The Fraser river to-day is 24 feet above low water. Mission Junction, June 1.—The Fraser river is rising slowly.

FARMER'S SUICIDE.

(Associated Press.)
Lytton, B. C., June 1.—J. Kox, a well-to-do farmer, living near Britton, was found dead this morning in his barn, with his throat cut from ear to ear. No reason is known for his act.

DENMARK'S CAPITAL.

(Associated Press.)
Copenhagen, June 1.—Denmark's agricultural capital is now \$140 for each inhabitant. This is more than double that in the United Kingdom.

Premier Prior Dismissed. R. McBride His Successor.

Col. Prior has been dismissed by Governor Joly.

About 10 o'clock this morning a letter from His Honor was received by the First Minister acquainting him with that fact.

The immediate cause of the Governor's action was the scandal in connection with the Chimney Creek contract.

His Honor in his letter to the Premier states so explicitly. He says that the Premier's conception of the independence of Parliament Act is such that he can no longer give him his confidence.

The Premier was about this morning that the Premier had voluntarily resigned. This is quite incorrect. He was asked if this was the case, and he immediately set all doubt at rest on that point.

"No, I have not," he replied, "I did not get the chance."

"While His Honor was satisfied," he added, "that I had not done anything intentionally wrong in this Chimney Creek contract matter, he considered that I had gone outside the independence of Parliament Act."

The ex-Premier received the Governor's action in the same spirit in which a day or two ago Mr. Wells accepted a similarly drastic step on the part of the Premier, namely, philosophically.

He has no word of complaint to offer. In fact he had the same cheery smile this morning when interviewed by the Times as when he first made his bow to the Speaker after the celebrated Victoria bye-election. He is quite willing now to admit that the course he pursued in connection with the notorious contract was, as he puts it, an "impolitic one."

"When this matter came up in the House," he said, "I stated that I would abide by the finding of the committee. If I had done anything wrong I was prepared to accept the result. I had not the least intention of doing anything wrong in the matter, but I see it was im-

politic, and my act was open to another construction being put upon it."

Neither had the Colonel any word of bitterness for those who have pressed for the investigation which has caused his downfall. He regards their action as perfectly legitimate and recognizes that he should not have thrown himself open to suspicion.

The Premier's political troubles have multiplied since for the last two months. He recounted some of them this morning.



RICHARD MCBRIDE,
Who Was This Afternoon Sworn in as First Minister.

When the House assembled this afternoon the seat of the newly selected First Minister, Hon. R. McBride, was empty, it being impossible for him to take his place until being re-elected by his constituents.

After prayers by Dr. Campbell, R. Green immediately rose and moved, seconded by Capt. Tatlow, that His Honor be asked to lay before the legislature all correspondence passing between himself and Premier Prior relative to the Chimney Creek bridge matter.

By letter prevented his nominating any one as his successor, as he otherwise might have done.

R. McBride Sworn In.

An excited group of members gathered in the corridors shortly before 2 o'clock. It was known that Mr. McBride was with His Honor and the members waited in expectancy for his return.

At five minutes to two he came down from His Honor's office and announced that he had seen the Governor and that he had been sworn in as First Minister.

A consultation followed with the Speaker when the new minister asked that an extension of time for fifteen minutes be given him beyond 2 o'clock, to enable him to consult with his supporters and to make arrangements for an announcement in the legislature.

This is necessitated by the fact that because of his being sworn in Mr. McBride cannot take his seat this afternoon nor until he has been back to his constituents for re-election.

A caucus of the opposition party will be held this evening and Mr. McBride says that by 10 o'clock to-morrow morning the personnel of his ministry will be known.

In the House.

When the House assembled this afternoon the seat of the newly selected First Minister, Hon. R. McBride, was empty, it being impossible for him to take his place until being re-elected by his constituents.

After prayers by Dr. Campbell, R. Green immediately rose and moved, seconded by Capt. Tatlow, that His Honor be asked to lay before the legislature all correspondence passing between himself and Premier Prior relative to the Chimney Creek bridge matter.

The resolution being put, several members objected to the resolution.

Mr. Green said that speaking for the member for Dewdney he had to announce that that member had been called

up by His Honor and had accepted the task of forming a government. He asked that the House should adjourn until 3 o'clock to-morrow.

Hon. Mr. Prentice proposed a vote expressing the non-confidence in the member for Dewdney. This was ruled out of order.

Mr. Martin thought the House had been treated with discourtesy. There was no announcement of the reason for the adjournment. Mr. McBride had the



RICHARD MCBRIDE,
Who Was This Afternoon Sworn in as First Minister.

right to make his acceptance of office conditional upon a dissolution. The adjournment was apparently for the purpose of patching up a combination to carry on the affairs of the House. He wished to have the Lieut.-Governor come down and dissolve the House and test the strength of Mr. McBride in the country.

Capt. Tatlow called attention to the rapid change in the stand taken by Mr.

Martin. He had a few days ago wanted supply voted. Now he wanted dissolution. Mr. McBride had not had time to decide upon the course to be taken. This adjournment was asked simply to allow him that time.

Mr. McPhillips also showed the inconsistency of Mr. Martin. It was not unusual for that gentleman to take such a course. He was glad to see that His Honor had followed the usual course, and he had called upon the leader of the opposition. An attempt had been made to show that there were more than one leader of the opposition.

He was glad that the usual order had been followed, and this attempt frustrated. The scant courtesy complained of by Mr. Martin was in taken ground. The lack of courtesy had been altogether on the other side of the House. Why was not the letter sent the ex-Premier by His Honor not brought down to the legislature? It was most unfair to expect the new First Minister to make an announcement so soon after being called upon.

Mr. Oliver recited from the journals of the House in 1900, in which it was recorded that Mr. Martin had been called upon to form a government on the 28th February. That gentleman asked an adjournment until the next day, and that was acceded him. Surely the member for Dewdney should be accorded the same privilege.

He recited also Mr. Martin's change of front on the question of supply. Being asked what was the speaker's stand on this, Mr. Oliver said that he took the ground that in view of the exposures of matters with which the government was connected that that government was not worthy of confidence, and supply should not be voted them.

Mr. Martin took the ground that the member for Dewdney was mixed up in the Columbia & Western matter.

Mr. Oliver, turning upon Mr. Martin, brought to the attention of that member that he had as late as last session raised his voice in support of the railway company getting these lands. He thought that necessary supply should be granted Mr. McBride.

The motion to adjourn carried by a vote of 18 to 14. Messrs. Wells, Elerts and Clifford voting aye, amid enthusiastic demonstrations.

MINERS' EVIDENCE AT CUMBERLAND

SOME LIGHT ON THE PRESENT STRIKE

Called Out in Order to Strengthen Men Who Are Idle at Lady-smith.

(Special to the Times.)

Cumberland, May 30.—The sittings of the royal labor commission, which opened here on Wednesday morning, were concluded to-day, the commissioners having gone fully into the causes and circumstances surrounding the present strike and the more important facts connected with the organization of the local branch of the Western Federation of Miners, and its relations with the company and the union were examined at length, and evidence from interested third parties also obtained. The most important fact disclosed during the course of the inquiry was that brought to light by the translation of a cipher telegram which was procured after much difficulty by the commissioners. It went to show that the strike at Cumberland had been engineered by officers of the Western Federation to strengthen the position of the men on strike at Lady-smith, and that in reality the Cumberland strike was a sympathetic strike, and not an independent strike, as heretofore assumed.

O. W. Barber, the president of the local union, was the first witness examined. He stated that the union had been organized on April 5th by Mr. Baker; he was unable to say what Mr. Baker had said at this meeting, other than that he had come to organize. The strike had commenced on May 2nd, short notice had been given of the meeting and the strike had been declared because the company had laid off two officers of the union, and had refused to recognize the Western Federation. Witness, in a joint executive meeting held at Nanaimo a week before, at which Baker had been present and had given assurances that the Western Federation would stand behind the men and help the strike. Witness said the union had asked for Denyer approval before the strike, and got it by a telegram from Mr. Meyer in reply to one asking for approval.

The commissioners asked for the telegram, and it was the words of this message which gave the clue to the situation. It was from the president and secretary of the Western Federation at Denver to Jos. Baker, the Canadian organizer, and

read: "We approve of calling out any or all men necessary to win at Lady-smith; organize Japanese or Chinese, if possible."

After the reading of this telegram the commission subpoenaed the C.P.R. agent at Nanaimo to produce the telegram to which it was an answer. This telegram was received on Friday. It was dated Nanaimo, April 22nd, and when translated from the cipher read as follows: "Ladysmith asks Cumberland out in sympathy; I approve. Have your consent? Answer." (Signed) J. Baker.

Before this telegram was read before the members of the executive, both sides of those who had given evidence on behalf of the union, were recalled and questioned again as to whether or not Mr. Baker had intimated the contents of this telegram to them, and as to whether or not they would have been parties to a sympathetic strike. They all declared that they had had no knowledge of the contents of the telegram, and that they would not have been willing parties to a sympathetic strike.

The commissioners then stated that they should be informed of the nature of the telegram, that they might judge for themselves as to what it implied and the message was accordingly read aloud.

Mr. Barber, the president of the union, stated further in his testimony that a committee of the men two days after the strike had been declared, and that they had been organized by the company who had been dismissed, but the management had absolutely refused to deal with them at all so long as they had a union.

David Halliday, treasurer; George Richards, secretary, and William Anthony and John Hutchinson, members of the executive, were the other witnesses who gave evidence on behalf of the union. Their statements corroborated those of the president, additional information having been given as to the opposition of the company to unions in any form.

The commissioners required the production of all correspondence from the officers of the union, and all telegrams from the local agent. A letter among the former from Organizer Baker mentioned that he thought the Western Federation of Miners was on its trial before the commission. Of this statement the Chief Justice remarked that Mr. Baker had never said a truer thing. That if the Federation were a good thing for Canadian workers the public should know it, if not the public should know it. That no matter who might be affected, the commission was determined to get at all the facts.

Rev. L. W. Hall, a Chinese missionary, only after he was informed that the president refused to permit imprisonment, and that no clergyman or minister or priest had any privilege in a court of law, related very reluctantly the many features of an interview which he had had with F. J. Shenton, of Nanaimo, about the time of the strike. The latter had come up to Cumberland to discuss with him methods of organizing the Chi-

nese, acting, he said, as a delegate for Mr. Baker, and as deputy organizer, owing to the inability of Mr. Baker to come himself. The witness also gave instances of what he regarded as baneful effects of the repressive atmosphere occasioned by the company's attitude in the fight towards its employees.

James Reid, a miner who was in the company's employ for nine years past, testified as to the method in which the organization meeting had been held. He swore that for a week or two before men from Ladysmith and Nanaimo had been in the camp talking organization; that an unsigned notice calling a mass meeting of miners had been put up a day before the meeting; that at this meeting not a Cumberland man was on the platform. Organizer Baker told the meeting he had come to organize, and when he was through speaking, Mr. Barber (the present president) had moved that the branch of the Western Federation be formed, the motion was seconded. Witness then moved an amendment that a branch be not formed, which amendment was seconded. Another speaker proposed leaving the matter over for a week and taking a vote at the pit head. Baker then told the meeting that both the motion and the amendment were out of order. He was there to organize, and those who did not approve of organizing might withdraw. Neither motion nor amendment was put to the meeting. Witness said members became afraid to express their opinions freely, and many whom he had talked with, who had expressed themselves as opposed to organization, remained.

John Matthews, the manager of the company, testified at length. He submitted statements of the wages, conditions and statistics of the company, and the members affected. He admitted frankly that the officers of the union had been laid off because of their connection with the union, and that the company had always opposed the formation of unions.

Mr. Matthews also presented copies of telegrams sent by the company in regard to the strike. These were in cipher. Some he translated, the others he promised to translate and furnish copies to the miners and the commission. Personally he said he was not unfavorable to a local union, but thought the Western Federation harmful.

During the last two days the commissioners made every effort to assist the parties to effect a settlement. Mr. Matthews, on behalf of the company, went so far as to concede the men the right to have an organization, and to agree not to discriminate against any officer or member so long as the men did not force the union on the company. The company offered to enter into contracts with each of its employees for two years, on conditions and as to rates of wages precisely similar to those existing previous to the strike. This proposition, which was the one the employees at Ladysmith offered to return to work on if Mr. Dunsmuir would agree to it a week ago, was not accepted here, the men holding out for a recognition of the Western Federation by a contract agreement with the union.

The commissioners left to-day by D. G. S. Quadra for Ladysmith and Nanaimo, at each of which places additional correspondence will be procured if possible. It was expected that this would not take longer than one day, and that the commission would open its sittings at Vancouver on Tuesday morning.

THE STRIKE SITUATION.

Meeting at Cumberland but No Decision Reached.

(Special to the Times.)

Nanaimo, June 1.—Much regret is expressed on all sides at Cumberland that the efforts on the part of the commissioners to settle the strike had been unsuccessful. At a meeting of the strikers the matter was fully dealt with, but practically nothing was arrived at. It was learned, however, that the miners are quite willing to accept the company's proposal, but they insist that the management must deal with them as a body, not individually. On Saturday two men returned to work. Saturday was pay day at the mine, when some sixty thousand dollars was paid out for the month of April. The coal output for the past week has averaged six to seven hundred tons daily. The company at present are only working single shifts.

The Ladysmith miners are anxiously waiting to hear from Mr. Dunsmuir regarding to their last proposal. Mr. Dunsmuir promised a definite reply on Tuesday last, but thus far nothing has been heard from him on the matter. It is learned that the men demand an increase of salary, and that no mention was to be made of the union. It was learned to-day that the Western Federation does not grant relief except in cases of immediate necessity for three months after the inauguration of a strike.

MILLS BURNED.

Destructive Fire at Fiddick's Junction—Damage About \$6,000.

(Special to the Times.)

Nanaimo, June 1.—Fire broke out at 2:30 this morning in the sawmill of the Ladysmith Lumber Co., Fiddick's Junction. A general alarm was turned in, but the flames had reached such proportions by this time that the efforts of the bucket brigade were useless.

The fire spread rapidly to the adjoining shingle mill.

Fortunately, however, the fire was confined to two buildings, which were burned to the ground. The loss is about \$6,000. No insurance.

President Munsel and J. W. Coburn, the principal owners, arrived on the noon train and made arrangements for an immediate reconstruction of the mills.

Sweden and Denmark have no soldiers who cannot read and write. In Russia's army 70 per cent. of the men are illiterate.

FORTY INJURED.

In Train Wreck—Passenger Plunged Over an Embankment.

Santa Barbara, Cal., May 30.—Overland passenger train No. 32 was derailed at a point about a mile south of Rimes at 8 o'clock to-night. Four cars plunged down an embankment 30 feet high, two of them partly submerged in the sea. Forty people were injured, some of them seriously. Many sustained broken bones and were badly bruised.

A special train which left this city at 8:20 returned at midnight with all of those who had been most seriously injured, a large corps of physicians having dressed their wounds while en route to this city.

It is not known just what caused the wreck, as no inspection could be made in the darkness. It is believed, however, that the rails spread as the engine was passing over them, throwing the first car, followed by three others, down the steep embankment.

Several other cars left the track, but did not go down the bank.

NEGROES DROWNED.

Skiffs Were Captured and Fifteen Lost Their Lives.

Memphis, Tenn., May 30.—Sixteen negroes, comprising two families of cotton plantation hands, were drowned last night in the Mississippi river near Peabody Point, 40 miles north of this city. They left the Cotton plantation after dark in two skiffs. Waves from a passing naval vessel capsized the frail boats and all hands, save one went down. A lad, Will Bell, escaped by clinging to an oar. Seven bodies have been recovered.

THE KANSAS FLOOD.

It Is Feared Many People Are Still in Danger.

(Associated Press.)
Topeka, Kas., June 1.—At 3 o'clock this morning the Kaw river is about at a standstill, with a slight tendency toward falling. There is no rising water from above. The rain has fallen almost without cessation for the last 72 hours, but at no time has it been in the nature of a cloudburst.

The situation at North Topeka is improving. There is but little danger of death from drowning, except in isolated cases. The refugees have been cared for. Many are wearing makeshift clothing. Hundreds are sleeping in improvised beds, but it is believed all have been cared for. Some have crossed from the south side to North Topeka with abundance of provisions. A number of people have been pulled across from the stricken district over a wire cable where the Midland bridge stood. A sand dredge was in operation after the manner of a breeches buoy. It is impossible to obtain anything like an authentic list of dead at present.



THE ART OF DISPENSING

Dispensing is an art and treated by us as such. We do not merely dispense, but we dispense with care, and we dispense with the best of our knowledge. Our dispensary is in our pride, and we want your prescription. "Look for the Camel on your label."

Campbell's Prescription Store,
COR. FORT AND DOUGLAS STS.,
VICTORIA.

Are You Living Within Your Income?

The surest way of being within the mark as far as light is concerned is to instal and use

THE ELECTRIC

Cheapest, cleanest, most convenient, most brilliant and safest light on the market.

THE B. C. ELECTRIC RAILWAY CO.,
35 YATES STREET.

MANY PERISHED IN THE FLAMES

FIRE SWEEPED THROUGH AN ISOLATED TOWN

The Total Number Dead is Not Known—Thousands Have Been Rendered Homeless.

Kansas City, May 30.—Unprecedented floods are raging in Central and Eastern Kansas, Northwestern Missouri, Iowa, Nebraska, and Southwestern Iowa, the result of 10 days of almost continuous rainfall. The general situation is considered most grave, with no immediate relief in sight. Many lives have been lost, and it is estimated that no less than 25,000 persons have been driven from their homes, many of which were washed away. The property loss will run well up into the millions of dollars.

The worst situation is between Kansas City and Ellsworth, Kansas, 200 miles west. The chief sufferer is North Topeka, which has been separated from the main part of the city and become an island. At Kansas City, and in the suburb town of Armourdale and Argentine, and at Harlem and Sheffield, Mo., near Kansas City, Mo., an aggregate of 10,000 persons have been forced to leave their homes and 8,000 employees of the numerous packing houses and railroad shops in the bottoms are out of employment.

The situation summarizes as follows: Homeless—Kansas, North Topeka, 7,000; near Emporia, 500; Salina and vicinity, 800; Lawrence, 500; Kansas City, Armourdale and Argentine, 1,000; Missouri—Harlem and Sheffield, 700; Iowa—Des Moines, 600; Ottumwa, 200; Nebraska—Lincoln, 200; Beatrice, 200. The whole of North Topeka, which for hours has been separated from the main part of the city by the flood, is burning, and at this time there are 30 known dead. The Kansas City fire department has been requested to send aid to fight the fire, and arrangements were immediately made to do so. At the time of service between the two cities is badly demoralized, however, it is doubtful if a train could cover the distance inside of 10 hours. Traffic out of Topeka in all directions is blocked.

People who did not leave North Topeka last night when they had a chance are now in great danger of losing their lives. As far as can be estimated at this time, over 500 are beyond reach of rescue. The Kansas river is rising at the rate of three inches an hour. Thirty are known to be dead, and the list will be larger. Hundreds are missing. If any portion of North Topeka, which is struction by the flood, it seems to-night as though fire would finish the work. The large lumber yards of Jonathan Thomas caught fire this afternoon, and the whole block of houses are burned. Burning houses are floating through the streets and setting fire to others. It is reported that the Union Pacific depot and hotel have been burned. There is no possibility of quenching the flames. The loss of life will be appalling, and the property loss in the millions. Nobody can tell just what has been destroyed. The water extends around Shreve and other suburbs. Every foot of North Topeka inhabited by 10,000 people is under water. The current is so strong that no boat can live in it. Seven thousand people have escaped to the south side and are being cared for as well as possible. The remainder have not yet been accounted for. They have been forced to the top floors or the roofs of buildings, and are waiting for the water to subside or carry them down stream. They are safe only so long as the buildings remain standing. Thousands of revolver shots and screams have been heard on the north side as signs for assistance. Women and children in the west part of North Topeka are standing on the highest points and yet in water to their necks.

It is reported by men who have been in sight of the submerged district, that hundreds there are suffering and sick. The current is so strong the cure are useless, and early in the afternoon a band of men were organized to row as far as possible and swim the rest of the

distance. Several boats and wagons have been overturned and women have been seen struggling in the water. The river reached the Rock Island depot on First street today. The water on Crane street is eight feet deep, and the current is like a mill race. Perhaps a hundred people have been thrown into the water at that point. The river is set above low water mark, and is still rising. The weather is cold, and the people who have not been rescued are suffering intensely. Unless they have help soon it is feared that many will die of exposure. In a Baptist church of the African-American denomination of the north side, more than 100 victims of the flood are gathered in danger of being drowned. The work of rescuing and caring for the flood survivors is being carried forward systematically, contributions are being rushed into the relief committee.

Citizens are opening their homes to survivors, and every indication is that the city will be able to care for those who have left their homes. The water in the building in the city is sheltering scores of homeless people. Flood conditions are getting worse at Lawrence. More than 500 people in the north part of the town are homeless. The large hotel, the one belonging to Congressman Bowerstock was destroyed with a loss of \$150,000. A big rise in the Smoky Hill river last night caused many more to leave their homes, and hundreds are now camped on the hills east of the town. The outlook in Council Grove is not bright. On the smaller scale the situation there is much the same as in North Topeka. Nine or more people have been burned to death in a fire started by slacking line. Reports received from there late to-night say there is small hope of the water falling for another 24 hours.

Chief of Police Giff and Thos. Page, prominent miller, with their families, are among the many who cannot escape from the flood. The current is rapidly getting stronger, and is sweeping across the city from the north. People are dropping from tops of houses and trees, having been exhausted by their 18 hours imprisonment, and are being swept away.

Great Loss of Life.

Topeka, May 30.—A. P. Baldwin, who at great risk of life crossed in a boat to the north side, returned late to-night, and reports that nothing can be done to save the city from burning. Chief of Police Duff, Thos. Page and A. Chollman, all of prominent families of the north side, are among the victims. Mayor Berglund Thos. was rescued by Dr. L. L. Powell. A company of militia has been ordered to the work of rescue, and owing to their efforts several hundred persons have been saved who otherwise would have perished. In the auditorium to-night, 2,000 homeless are quartered. The society women of the city are there attending the refugees' wants. Large loads of clothing and provisions have been sent, and the immediate needs of the unfortunates have been provided for.

A telegram from Valencia, 20 miles west of Topeka, at 4 o'clock, says that a wall of water struck here this afternoon, and five houses down the Kan river. A woman and two children were drowned at North Topeka. Four hundred houses have been burned in North Topeka, and the whole section of the town will go. As near as can be learned about 150 persons are dead, most of these were burned to death.

The application of Mrs. John C. Breckinridge, of California (nee Murphy) for the care and control of her husband, was heard in the civil chambers, Paris, on Saturday. Mrs. Breckinridge is under treatment at his hotel, and his mother insists on retaining control of him, on the grounds that he is mentally irresponsible, and has begun proceedings in lunacy. Mrs. Breckinridge maintains that as his wife, she is the proper one to have control of him. The court decided to appoint a commission of three medical experts to examine Breckinridge and report on the whole case.

SORE FEET

Cured by Foot Elm.

Feet that get sore, that blister, scald or chafe, and cause much discomfort and actual suffering, can be soothed and healed by Foot Elm.

Rév. P. S. Owens, Ayrton, Ont., writes: "I have used Foot Elm, and can certify that it is a sure cure for scalded or sweating feet, at druggists or by mail. Foot Elm is 25 cents a box of 18 powders."

D. V. Scott & J. J. Bowmanville, Ont.

CANADIAN NOTES.

Registration of Voters Has Been Completed in Manitoba—Early Election Predicted.

Winnipeg, May 30.—The registration of voters lists for the province concluded this evening. Upon the whole it has been satisfactory to both parties in the cities and towns. Winnipeg's total registered vote will be about 11,000. "You can rest assured," said a man from the country to-day, who is working in the interests of the Roblin government, "that the elections will be over in July and before the Winnipeg industrial exhibition. The government will not lose an hour in pushing the work of printing the lists, and the revision, and the proclamation of the exact election dates will be out in a few days."

New Secretary.

James E. Steen has been made acting secretary of the new real estate exchange.

To Reconsider Dates.

J. D. Pratt, secretary of the Winnipeg Rowing Club, received word this morning from S. P. Grant, secretary of the Canadian Association of Amateur Oarsmen, that a special meeting had been called to reconsider dates for the Canadian regatta, which were set too early to suit the convenience of the Winnipeg oarsmen.

Will Build Smelter.

Toronto, May 30.—The Edison has been getting rights over nickel lands for exploratory purposes in Northern Ontario, and will erect a smelter near Sudbury to refine the metal, which is required for his new storage battery. This statement was made to-day by his solicitor, F. R. Denton.

Missionary to China.

Rev. John McLaughlin, president of the Indian Mission schools of the Northwest, will go to China and be succeeded by the forward movement in the Warton, Mount Forest and Walkerton districts.

Died Suddenly.

Woodstock, Ont., May 30.—Robert Palmer, aged 51, a well known commercial traveler for the McKenna Thompson Company, of Montreal, died suddenly this morning at 4 o'clock. He had just returned from a trip to the Pacific Coast.

HARRY ELKES KILLED.

Bursting of Bicycle Tire Cost Wheelman His Life.

Cambridge, Mass., May 30.—Harry D. Elkes, of Glenfalls, N. Y., the premier motor pace follower of the United States, was killed; Will Sunson, another well known motorist, and F. A. Gateley, a motor steersman, were seriously injured in an accident at the initial bicycle meeting on the new Charles River Park track this afternoon. The accident occurred in the first lap of the six-mile race of a motor paced race, and was due to the bursting of the rear tire on Elkes's wheel at a point where the track bank is at an angle of about 33 degrees. Elkes tried to stop his machine, and in doing so was thrown over the handle bars, turning a complete somersault, and with his wheel went sliding down the bank, and struck directly in front of Stinson's motor, which was manned by Gateley.

At the time of the accident Elkes was well in the lead, having made a world's record for the 5, 10 and 15 miles. The injured men were picked up and sent to the hospital, Elkes dying on the way. Elkes's time for the 5 miles was 6:21 1/5, beating the world's record. At 15 miles Elkes's time was 18:04, another world's record. On the first lap of the sixteenth mile, Elkes's rear tire exploded and the mix-up which cost him his life came.

The race was continued by Walther and Moran, the former winning, completing the 20 miles in 29:20 2/5. Harry D. Elkes, the victim, has been pronounced as was his father, in bicycle racing, for years, having embarked both in America and abroad. He represented the Philadelphia track.

THE MASSACRE OF JEWS.

Side-Light on the Part Played By the Russian Minister, Von Plehve.

Berlin, May 30.—The part which the Russian minister, Von Plehve took in the Kishineff massacre, is described by a person behind the scenes in Russian news. Large loads of clothing and provisions have been sent, and the immediate needs of the unfortunates have been provided for.

"Von Plehve desired to impress the czar with the usefulness of the common people to have any share in local self-government, by a spectacular outbreak in the provinces, in which the cruelty and primal character of the Jewish people could be shown. Parallel with this object was a desire to divert the attention of the people from the government by giving their passions an outlet against the Jews. Von Plehve chose as his agent his political friend Kronshtevan, who is known as the most extreme anti-Semite in Russia, proprietor of a newspaper of Kishineff. Kronshtevan prepared the minds of the people of Kishineff by publishing anti-Jewish articles."

After the massacre Von Plehve had permitted the outbreak to go too far, and that the barbarities of the drunken robbers was execrable. The czar was deeply displeased with Governor Von Haaben, and directed Von Plehve to remove all the officials of the city and province. Von Plehve urged that an inquiry be first made, and the czar agreed. He said he would send some of his own adjutants, but Von Plehve suggested Lepuchin, one of his assistants. Lepuchin returned with a mild report. Von Plehve revised it before its submission to the czar. Von Plehve still retains possession of the czar's mind, and his position is completely unshaken."

Shells were the original trumpets of mankind. The fishermen of Newfoundland blow a huge shell as a foghorn, the Welsh once employed the same as a dinner call, and the miners of the Queney granite quarries used it as a blasting signal.

"ALICE IN WONDERLAND."

Crowded House Greeted the Performers Last Saturday—Daughters of Pity Meeting.

A crowded and enthusiastic audience greeted the performance of "Alice in Wonderland" at last Saturday's matinee. This pantomime is the first effort of its kind ever attempted by Victoria amateurs, and slowly, but surely, it has become its last performance. The credit it deserved. It is always difficult to find a place where a large number of young people can be included and which is entirely suitable for the younger members, and the children of a community. All these demands were met in "Alice," and the graceful drills and dances were also sufficient to charm an audience. Among these, that of the Ogle's Ghost, by Miss Dorothy Schell, and taught by Mrs. Dickson, commanded continuous applause. The daughters of Pity, however, with their beautiful costumes, each representing a single flower, proved most effective, and included a large number of the Daughters of Pity.

When too late to make definite arrangements, the management were begged to reproduce "Alice" on Saturday evening, but it is not unlikely that another performance may be given later, as owing to contumacious as undesired as unexpected, there will probably be little over after all expenses are paid to contribute towards the cause in hand. The Daughters of Pity, however, realize that no work which has been given at a sacrifice of time and pleasure can be in vain, though the profit may not be added to their bank balance. During their labors they have made many friends, gained useful experience, and earned much from those who so kindly undertook their instruction during the weeks of preparation. They wish to tender hearty thanks to all who assisted them, and hope to publish accounts after their next meeting, which is called to take place on Friday at 4 p.m., at the Assembly hall.

MINERS' FEDERATION.

President's Address at Annual Convention at Denver—Independent Political Action.

President Charles Meyer's annual report to the Western Federation of Miners, which is holding its convention in Denver, Colo., was made public on Thursday afternoon. In opening he said that at no time since its inception has the organization been more prosperous than at present, and added:

"The American Labor Union and the Western Federation of Miners, in declaring for independent political action, have done more to encourage the members of these organizations, and the laboring people in general, than have the combined promises and useless resolutions of organized labor since the inception of the trades union movement. Notwithstanding the wonderful increase in the ranks of organized labor during the past year, we find no improvement in the condition of the wage-worker. While true that a few have received a slight increase in wages, thousands have been engaged in a fierce struggle to even maintain their present condition, and many have gone down to defeat."

Referring to the anthracite coal miners' strike and the results of arbitration in that case, Mr. Meyer said:

"Can the leader of this army of men expect to hold his organization intact, when he advises them to continue a policy which offers nothing for the future but strife and discord, and commends the findings of a board of arbitration selected by the representatives of capital, which binds the chains of slavery more securely around his membership and deprives them of the privilege of appealing to their masters for a period of three years? John Mitchell need not be surprised should his membership turn their faces to the West, seeking affiliation with organizations which have sent out their message to the world, that as labor produces all wealth, such wealth belong to the producers thereof."

"While organized labor is forced to the strike and boycott in order to secure even a share of that which is rightfully theirs, just so long will strife and discord continue. After fully considering the conditions surrounding us at this time, I believe that the most important step you can take during this convention will be to reaffirm the policy adopted by the tenth annual convention."

"I believe the time has arrived," said Mr. Meyer, "when the Western Federation should declare for the eight-hour work day and that this convention should specify a certain date for the establishing of a universal eight-hour day law throughout our entire jurisdiction."

President Meyer recommended the holding of biennial instead of annual conventions, and an amendment to the constitution defining the authority of the executive officers in regard to calling strikes, their right to do so without the consent of the local union involved having been disputed. He antagonized the practice of locals entering into trips connected with corporations. That ample provision should be made for organizing purposes was urged; also that a plan be devised to place the Miners' Magazine in the hands of every member of that organization.

President Meyer renewed the suggestion of last year that provision be made for securing control by purchase or lease of property and for establishing headquarters in Denver. On the subject of strikes the report says:

"At this time about 2,000 of our organization are on strike, with every indication that the number will be greatly increased in the near future. Employers of labor are organized throughout the entire United States. They are carefully outlining their plans of campaign before making a determined assault upon your organization. When the order is given you need look for no quarter. The battle begun with annihilation for its purpose, must be met by the Western Federation of Miners with intelligence, determination and united action. The duty devolves upon you to outline a policy for your officers during the coming year, and to adopt a policy which they there should be no faltering in the ranks, for only through unity of action can you expect to retain the few privileges granted to you by your masters."

The eyes of the birds that fly by night are generally about double the size of those of day birds.

MAYOR McCANDLESS

OFFERED SERVICES

In Regard to Carpenters' Strike—Accepted by One Side and Declined by the Other.

A few days ago Mayor McCandless offered his services towards bringing about a settlement of the carpenters' strike. The carpenters accepted the offer but the builders declined it. The replies received were as follows:

To His Worship the Mayor:

"Dear Sir:—At a meeting of carpenters held this afternoon I was instructed to forward you a copy of the following resolution:

Moved and seconded, That we accept the proffered services of the Mayor with thanks."

Also that I inform you that the Builders' Association are dealing with union and non-union men, and to address all communications in the future to the address given below.

Hoping that you will be able to bring matters to a successful issue by conciliatory measures, I remain,

Yours respectfully,

G. A. OKELL,
Victoria, B. C., May 29th, 1903.
Address—G. A. Okell,
Victoria West,
City.

Mayor McCandless, City:

"Dear Sir:—In reply to Your Worship's communication regarding the carpenters' strike, I am instructed to state that while appreciating the spirit in which you have approached us, we consider the time has positively gone past for arbitration, as suggested."

The Builders' Association have at different times offered most material concessions to the union, besides the wage compromise, which the latter body has failed to accept; we emphatically state that we have given the union the extreme limit of our consideration.

Yours very respectfully,
E. W. WHITTINGTON,
Secretary.

Victoria, May 30th, 1903.

To the Editor:—The Builders' Association would warn the building public not to place too much stress on the incessant vapouring of the comment-maniplator of the so-called labor notes in the Sunday Colonist. Such a rank unionist only deludes his fellow man and makes it harder for those men who did not want to strike, but have no option otherwise.

We would remind the public that there is no very serious dead-lock. How can 90 odd union carpenters (when all are in town) look up the work in a city of 23,000 people? The strikers have apparently lost the sympathy of the public, the union men and the substantial sympathy of the other trades through their exorbitant demands. All contractors of any vim have got carpenters enough for the work on hand. Every day men are taking the places of the strikers, and are well satisfied with 40c. per hour and can work 44 or 48 hours as they wish.

W. D. McKILLICAN,
President.

Curse OF DRINK

CURED BY

COLONIAL REMEDY

No taste. No odor. Can be given in glass of water, tea or coffee, without patient's knowledge.

Colonial Remedy will cure or destroy the diseased appetite for alcoholic stimulants, whether the patient is a confirmed alcoholic, "tippler," social drinker or drunkard. Impossible for anyone to have an appetite for alcoholic liquors after using Colonial Remedy.

INDOSED BY MEMBERS OF W.C.T.U. Mrs. Moore, Superintendent of the Woman's Christian Temperance Union, Victoria, Cal., writes: "I have tested Colonial Remedy on very obstinate drunkards and the cure has been made. In many cases the Remedy was given secretly. I cheerfully recommend and endorse Colonial Remedy. Members of our Union are delighted to find a practical and economical treatment to aid us in our temperance work."

Sold by druggists everywhere and by mail. Price \$1. Trial package free by writing or calling on Mrs. M. A. Cowan (for years member of the Woman's Christian Temperance Union), 2204 St. Catherine St., Montreal.

Sold in Victoria by THOS. SHOTBOLT, 50 Johnson Street.

WANTED.

Everyone to enjoy the abundance of the sea. Halibut, codfish and salmon fresh from the boats, at wholesale prices. Highest cash prices paid for fresh ranch eggs, at People's Market, foot of Yates street, near Fish Slip.

TO LET.

TO LET—5 roomed cottage, near Dallas road, handy to car; tenant leaving wishes sell store with hot water connections, electric light fixtures and blinds. Apply P. O. Box 123.

TO LET—Housekeeping rooms, furnished or unfurnished; new management, Strand Hotel, Johnson street.

TO LET—Small furnished cottage (central), 32 Quadra street.

TO LET—Nicely furnished 5 roomed cottage. Apply 92 Douglas street.

FURNISHED ROOMS TO RENT—At very moderate charge; all conveniences. See Hamar, Fort street.

TO LET—Furnished housekeeping rooms; also bedroom for single gentleman, 120 Vancouver street.

TO LET—Comfortably furnished rooms and furnished rooms on ground floor. Apply first house, Burradale road.

HOUSES TO LET—Edmonton road, 4 rooms \$ 5 00 Green St., 6 rooms \$ 5 00 Head street, 7 rooms furnished \$ 7 00 McCallum St., 5 rooms \$ 5 00 Speed Ave., 4 rooms \$ 5 00 Whittier Ave., 8 rooms, 1 acre \$ 10 00

THE STUART ROBERTSON CO., LTD., 28 Broad Street.

OUR DAILY PUZZLE



THE RICH OLD WIFE IS JEALOUS OF HER HUSBAND'S DANCING PARTNER. FIND HIM.

In Saturday's puzzle, by using the upper right corner of the picture as base, the young man is found in the lower part, just to the left of the lady.

WANTS.

YOUNG LADY wishes position as stenographer; experienced; insurance office preferred; references given. Apply C. Z., care of Times.

WANTED—Situation at house work, by (Protestant) Japanese. K. Y. P. O. Box 56.

WANTED—Youth's or man's bicycle; must be in good condition; state full particulars for cash. "Mike," Times.

WANTED—A good row boat, complete. Address Boat, Times Office.

WANTED—Reliable man to sell for the large Fonthill Nurseries, largest and best assortment of stock plants and trees; workers; pay weekly; outfit free; exclusive territory. Stone & Wellington, Toronto.

WANTED—A good general servant, small family. Apply 51 Michigan street.

WANTED—Chimney sweeping. Smokey chimneys cured, notices sent; pipes, flues and chimneys from 25c. 4 Broughton street.

WANTED—500 lots of second-hand clothes, men's preferable, to sell North. Cash paid by F. J. Bingham, auctioneer and commission agent. Just phone, I'll call. Phone: Office, B518; Res., B710.

WANTED—Several persons of good character to manage district offices in each of the following cities: London, London, London, etc. Pacific Coast Detective Agency, 45 Safe Deposit Building, Seattle, Washington.

MAN OF GOOD APPEARANCE and business ability, to act as district agent; must be able to sell and collect; references. E. P. Blackford, surveyor, Toronto.

WANTED—A first-class pattern maker at 148 Alexander street, Vancouver, B. C.

DETECTIVE WORK reliably performed; depositions taken; notices served; evidence procured in law cases, civil and criminal, in any part of the world; also divorce, etc. Pacific Coast Detective Agency, 45 Safe Deposit Building, Seattle, Washington.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—3/4 acre of good farm land; price \$400. Apply A. A. Times.

FOR SALE—Carvel built outrigger, in good order, must be sold; contracts made for re-located in Victoria. Apply to B. C. Bingham's Auction Room.

FOR SALE—At bargain, eight roomed house, with bathroom, pantry, scullery and china closet; Rep. 1428, 1877, U. S. Patent No. 620,080, corner Yates and Douglas streets. All in first-class condition near car. C. G. Times.

PIANO FOR SALE—Good useful instrument, with 600 notes, owner leaving town; first offer \$150 buys same. Harman, 62 Government street.

ORGAN FOR SALE—11 tones, knee swell by Corvach & Co., high back, mirror top, owner leaving town; first reasonable offer buys. Harman, 62 Government street.

FOR SALE—An almost new double seated buggy, cheap. Apply to Wm. Mable, Johnson street.

FOR SALE—Thoroughbred fox terrier puppies, even marked. Apply G. F. Florence, Scotch Bakery, 108 Douglas street.

FOR SALE—At W. A. Robertson & Son's, Buchanan street, carts, light wagons and phaetons; also harness and horses and a brass force pump.

NOW READY—Late cabbage plants, 25c per 100, 50c for \$1; cauliflower, 50c per 100; tomatoes, 25c per box of 12 plants. Mount Thorne Nursery.

FOR SALE—Second-hand lawn mowers, plough, garden tools, sewing machines, furniture, beds, etc. At Eden's Junk Store, 125 Fort street, near Blenheim.

FOR SALE—A Victoria phaeton, property of Robert Irving, Esq.; may be seen at my residence, corner of Cook and View streets; will be sold at best offer. John R. Lovell.

FOR SALE—Two lots in New Alberni, cleared and fenced, corner lot, good site; also best and best house, U. S. Patent No. 600,016, Rep. 1428, 1877, U. S. Patent No. 620,080, issued June 12th, 1897. For particulars address B. M. Bille, New Alberni.

FOR SALE—Four \$1,000 appropriations in the Victoria No. 2 Building Society; will be sold separately if desired. Apply at Times Business Office.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that at the next regular session of the Board of Licensing Commissioners for the City of Victoria, I intend to apply for a license to sell, in the City of Victoria, the said City of Victoria, of the license now held by me to sell, on the premises known as the Columbia Hotel, Johnson street, in the said City of Victoria.

Dated this 23rd day of April, 1903.
JOSEPH SAUER.

SOCIETIES.

COURT CARIBOO, No. 743, I. O. F., meets in Cathedral Hall, first and third Tuesday, at 8 p. m. each month. T. H. Des, secretary, 48 Yates street.

TEMPORARY OFFICE of the Victoria Builders' Association, 10 Broad street, Tel. 820. Office hours, 10 a.m. to 3 p.m.

BOARD AND ROOMS.

FOR FIRST-CLASS FURNISHED ROOMS, by day, week or month, single or in suites, go to 50 Douglas street.

'GILLARD'S' PICKLE AND SAUCE

As supplied the army
and navy and all the
leading clubs.

Sold by all grocers.

**R. P. Rithet
& Co., Lt.**

Distributors.



3 QUART FOUNTAIN SYRINGES

For \$1.00

SEE OUR YATES ST. WINDOW.
Also a full line of all kinds of Syringes,
Combination Syringes, Hot Water Bottles,
etc., from \$1.00 to \$1.25.

Dean & Hiscocis

Cor. Yates and Broad Sts., Victoria, B. C.

WEATHER BULLETIN.

Daily Report Furnished by the Victoria
Meteorological Department.

Victoria, June 1.—5 a. m.—The barometer
is comparatively high on the Pacific Coast,
and a trough of low pressure extends from
the Rocky mountain region in Alberta
southward to Nevada. The weather has
been fair and moderately warm, and no
precipitation is reported during the last 24
hours. In the Northwest an extensive high
barometer area central at Port Arthur
covers the whole region from Alberta to
the lakes, and fair warm weather prevails
in all sections.

Forecast.

For 36 hours ending 5 p.m. Tuesday.
Victoria and vicinity—Moderate or fresh
winds, generally fair and warm.
Lower, Mainland—Light or moderate
winds, fair and warm.

Reports.

Victoria—Barometer, 29.97; temperature,
45; minimum, 45; wind, 4 miles W.; weather,
fair.
New Westminster—Barometer, 29.81;
temperature, 45; minimum, 45; wind, 4
miles S. W.; weather, cloudy.
Kamloops—Barometer, 29.82; temperature,
58; minimum, 56; wind, calm; weather,
cloudy.
San Francisco—Barometer, 29.86; temperature,
45; minimum, 45; wind, 24 miles
W.; weather, clear.

SUBURBAN SERVICE OPEN.

First Train on the New Schedule This
Morning—Delightful Ride.

This morning the first train of the
summer was a beautiful harbinger of
the season of flowers, and was particularly
well enjoyed by those who took
advantage of the initial train of the
daily suburban service. A large number
of persons were desirous of staying over
at the various resorts on Sunday night,
but did not seem to understand that
tickets issued yesterday and Saturday
would be good for to-day. The consequence
was that there was not a large
crowd coming into town this morning,
and a great number of Victorians missed
an unusually pleasant treat.

After an early swim in Langford or
Shawnigan lakes, a good breakfast and a
pleasant ride through the clean, clear
fresh air, the traveller arrives in town
braced up and refreshed for the day's
work. The train arrives in the city
about 8:20 in the morning and leaves at
6:05, but those who wish to do so may
return the same evening, reaching town
about 9 o'clock.

GOT A CONSTANT HEADACHE?—The
chance to get rid of your suffering is
that "white man's burden." Catarrh.
Here's a sentence from one man's evidence
for Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder—"One
application gave me instant relief, cleared
the nasal passages and stopped the pain
in my head." It's a quick, safe and sure
treatment, and it never fails to cure. 50
cents. Sold by Jackson & Co. and Hall &
Co.—145.

MINERAL WEALTH OF THE PROVINCE

ANNUAL REPORT OF MINISTER OF MINES

A Very Gratifying Increase is Shown in the Production Over Previous Years.

The last report of the Minister of
Mines for 1901, which was presented to
the House last week, is a gratifying
one. In introducing the report the provincial
mineralogist, W. F. Robertson, has
the following encouraging statement:
"The mining industry has, during
1901, still maintained that rapid growth
which has characterized it since the in-
ception of lode mining some ten years
ago. It is all the more gratifying to be
able to make this announcement again
this year, inasmuch as reports to the
contrary have been so widely circulated
that the impression that 1901 has proved
a disastrous year has gained much credence,
not only abroad, but even within
our own borders. Statistics are the best
refutation of this impression, and it is
with much gratification that attention is
drawn to the preceding statistical tables.
These show that the value of the mineral
production of this province for the past
year is greater than that of the Yukon;
that we have in our mineral deposits a
'Klondike' of our own, and a permanent
and growing one at that. The Yukon is
credited with an output of \$18,000,000,
while British Columbia produced
\$20,086,780. This gives the total
values of the various mineral products of
the province up to and including the
year 1901, showing the amount con-
tributed by each mineral to make up the
total of \$172,241,988, the grand total of
the province's earned increment to the
mineral wealth of the world. Gold still
retains the first place in this list with
a total production of \$63,554,543, coal
and coke following with a total production
of \$54,157,315. Table II, showing the
gross value of the mineral output for
each year, and is particularly intended
to illustrate the growth of the mining
industry from year to year. From this
it will be seen that in the last ten years
the output has increased from \$2,978,530
in 1892 to \$20,086,780 in 1901, and this
increase has been gradual and steady,
the result of new properties ad-
mitted to the producing list each year, and
the increasing development of the older
properties."

In lode mining the report says that
the growth has been phenomenal, as
shown by the following figures:

"In 1894 the product of the lode mines
was valued at \$81,342, while in 1901 it
has increased to \$13,683,044, or nearly
18 times as much in eight years. The
product of these mines in 1901 is valued
at \$13,683,044, an increase over the
previous year of \$3,613,287, or equal to
26 per cent. The tonnage of ore mined
was 150,362 tons; in 1898 it had
increased to 215,944 tons, or about 27
per cent, increase over the previous
year. In 1899 it was 257,243 tons, or
equal to 33 per cent, increase; in 1900 it
was 554,796 tons, or 93 per cent, in-
crease; in 1901 it was 920,416 tons, or
about 96 per cent, increase over the
previous year."

After giving the various tables with
the mineral production the report sums
it up as follows:

"This shows that of the total com-
bined output of the various provinces of
the Dominion during 1901 (excluding the
Yukon Territory), British Columbia pro-
duced 82 per cent of the gold, 96 per
cent of the silver, 67 per cent of the
copper, 96 per cent of the lead, 2 per
cent of the iron, none of the nickel, 30
per cent of the coal, 50 per cent of the
coke, and of the total of preceding min-
erals about 40 per cent. Surely British
Columbia is entitled to be called the
'Mineral Province of Canada.'"

Under the various heads the following
appears with reference to the mining
conditions:

"The coal mines of the province have,
during the past year, made an output
nearly equal to that of the previous year.
The gross output of coal was 1,201,867
tons, of which 221,226 tons were used
to make coke, so that the net output for
the year was 1,400,231 tons of coal and
127,081 tons of coke. This is equivalent
to an increased production over 1900 of
coal 1 1/2 per cent, and of coke 40
per cent. The sales of coal were as follows:
Sold for consumption in Canada, 418,705
tons; sold for export to United States,
895,107 tons; sold for export to other
countries, 18,960 tons; total sales, 1,322,772
tons, valued at \$5,415,731."

"The total value of coke amounted to
\$127,533 tons, of which 80,154 tons were
sold for consumption in Canada, and 47,379
tons were exported to the United States.
This output has been made from the
collieries on Vancouver Island and those
near the Crow's Nest Pass. The detailed
production of each colliery is shown in
the reports of the inspectors of collieries.
The coast collieries produced 1,207,744
tons of coal and 15,398 tons of coke. The
Crow's Nest collieries produced 198,587
tons of coal and 111,683 tons of coke."

"The conditions prevailing in these
two districts are so different that they
require to be noted separately. In the
coast collieries the output is limited by
the market for the product, as these
older collieries are better prepared to
meet an increased demand. Of their
product about 75 per cent, was exported,
chiefly to California and mostly as coal.
With the completion of the two smelters
now under construction on the coast, the
market for coke should be materially in-
creased next year. The Crow's Nest colli-
eries are as yet new, and their output is
limited, not by the market, which is
unlimited, but by the undeveloped con-
dition of the collieries and the limited
transportation facilities. Difficulties
which are being removed with all pos-
sible speed, and next year will undoubtedly
see an enormous increase in the out-
put of these collieries. Of their pro-
duct about 90 per cent, of the coal and
70 per cent, of the coke was consumed

in Canada, the remainder going to the
United States. It has been a constant
struggle for these mines to meet the de-
mands made on them for fuel, and every
endeavor is being made to increase the
output. There have been many com-
plaints that the local demand for fuel
was being neglected to supply the ex-
port trade. This difficulty will be
obviated as the development and equip-
ment of the collieries is increased. The
figures show where the output was sold,
and it is certain that next year a far
larger proportion of the coal produced
will be exported, as it is evident from
the demand that it is much better than
any other that can be obtained in those
states immediately to the southward of
British Columbia. It will be noted that
while these collieries only turned out
108,587 tons of coal to be used as such,
they converted 180,788 tons into 111,683
tons of coke, selling it as such, so
that the actual amount of coal mined
was 379,355 tons.

"The statistics show that the gold
production of the province—including
both placer and lode gold—for the past
year was of a value of \$5,318,703, which
is an increase over 1900 of \$388,308,
or equal to about 12 per cent, in-
crease. This is the greatest gold pro-
duction British Columbia has ever made.
In 1900 the increase was 12 1/2 per cent,
over the previous year, and the increase
this year over 1900 is 11 1/2 per cent,
showing the growing importance of copper
production of the province. The copper
output of the province, this year, is
production is derived from placer mining,
including ordinary placer work, hydraulic
mining and dredging, and from lode min-
ing."

"The placer gold output for the year
1901 was \$970,100—a decrease from the
previous year of \$308,735. This is ac-
counted for by the fact that the Allin
production has again suffered a serious
diminution: the ordinary placers are
mostly worked out, and the hydraulic
companies, which should have been at
work making an output, have managed to
get into litigation among themselves and
with individual miners, so that the sea-
son is practically lost. It is hoped and
expected that by next season the exist-
ing plants, and those now under con-
struction, will be able to work, and if so,
the output of the camp will certainly be
doubled."

"The Cariboo district shows a consid-
erably decreased production, which is
due almost entirely to the small output
of the largest company in the district,
the Cariboo Consolidated, which, through
shortage of water, was only able to work
a part of the season. This shortage of
water was, according to the report, due
to the melting of the snow in the spring,
leaving insufficient water for the latter part
of the season. The smaller companies in
the district did well, and with a normal
snowfall and spring all should make a
very good showing next season. A small
output has been made from the Cariboo
division, but as last year was the first
year of the operations of the hydraulic
companies there, most of the work was
preparatory and of the nature of de-
velopment."

"On the coast certain deposits of black
sand have been worked to a profit, but
have not made the output expected."
"Dredging for gold, although it con-
tinues to receive much attention and
large amounts have been invested in cap-
ital, has not as yet yielded any very ma-
terial return or output. That the gold
exists in the beds of many of the rivers
in considerable quantities has been con-
clusively proved many times, but the
difficulty seems to be to save it."

"Placer mining is, of necessity, depen-
dent on the weather, and is as variable
in this province as that commodity, but
in lode gold mining, as the mines de-
velop, the production becomes as regu-
lar as the output of a manufacturing
business, and it is to lode mining that
the province is indebted for its ever-
increasing gold production. In 1901 the
lode mines of the province produced \$4,348,603 in value of gold, an increase
over the previous year of \$395,222, or 20
per cent. When it is remembered that
this increase follows an increase in 1899
of about 30 per cent, and in 1900 of
21 per cent, a fair idea may be formed
of the development and growth of the
industry. This great increase is due first
and chiefly to the development of the
Boundary district, but the increased ton-
nage of the Rossland and Nelson dis-
tricts has also had its effect. Approxi-
mately, this gold has been derived from:
Direct smelting of copper-ore, \$3,348,728; combined amalgamation and
concentration, \$73,805; total, \$4,422,533.
It may be said that no absolutely 'free
mining' gold property is working in the
province; they all carry sufficient values
in sulphides to necessitate the saving of
such."

"The total amount of silver produced
in 1901 was 5,151,333 ounces, valued at
\$2,884,745. This is an increase over the
previous year of \$575,546 in value. The
silver production of British Columbia
this past year has been affected in two
ways and requires some explanation.
Silver is derived from both lode ores
and from copper ores carrying silver,
with a small percentage of 'dry' silver
ores. In 1900, approximately 60 per
cent, of the silver produced was derived
from silver-lode ores, probably including
most of the 'dry' ores, as they were chief-
ly smelted together and are impossible
to separate in the statistics. This year
there has been a falling off in the pro-
duction of lode ores, and a consequent
diminution of the silver production,
which has, however, been more than off-
set by the greatly increased tonnage of
the copper-silver ores. As near as can
be estimated, the copper-silver ores have
this year produced 204 per cent, of the
silver output. The production from 'dry'
ores, although proportionately small, has
greatly increased, but it would be diffi-
cult, as before stated, to separate, with
any degree of accuracy, this source of
production from the others."

"The production of lead was this year
51,562,906 lbs., worth \$2,002,733. This
shows a decrease in value of \$689,154,
or about 25 per cent, as compared with
the production of 1900, but in fairness
the comparison must not stop here; it
must be remembered that in 1900 there
was a phenomenal increase over 1899 of
206 per cent. The figures show, there-
fore, that the lead production of 1901, al-
though showing a decrease as compared
with 1900, shows an increase over 1899
of 80 per cent, and is still 25 per cent,
higher than the highest production of any year
prior to 1900. The cause of the de-
crease is not attributable to the mines
themselves, but to the condition of the
market for lead ores—too large a ques-



Shirt waists and dainty
linen are made delightfully
clean and fresh with Sun-
light Soap.

ling to go into here—which has tempo-
rarily rendered it unprofitable to mine
large deposits of galena very low in
silver. Reference is here made particu-
larly to the lead ores of East Kootenay.
The Sloan district has not been so seri-
ously affected by the low price obtainable
for lead ores, as the ores of this section
carry much higher silver values, which
has enabled them to be mined and mar-
keted at a profit. As a matter of fact,
the Sloan has this year just held its
own as regards tonnage of ore mined and
values produced."

"Each year seems to present some
particular feature of interest, and this
year is no exception. The copper pro-
duction of the province. The copper
production for the year has been 27,053,
746 lbs. of 'fine copper,' valued at \$4,440,003, an increase of 17,000,006 lbs.,
and \$2,831,674 over that of the previous
year, or about 175 per cent, increase in
value. It may here be noted that the
recent 'break' in the copper market did
not occur until the last month in the
year, and as, in estimating the values as
above, the average price for the year is
employed, the value of the product has
not been seriously affected."

"This copper has been derived as fol-
lows: Boundary district, 14,511,787 lbs.;
Trail (Rossland) district, 8,333,446 lbs.;
Coast district, 3,115,872 lbs.; Nelson dis-
trict, 1,500,440 lbs.; other districts, 43,152
lbs.; total, 27,053,746 lbs."

"The great interest of the exceedingly large and
notoriously low grade copper ores of the
'Boundary,' which has been rendered
possible by the material reduction made
in the actual costs of smelting, which are
authoritatively stated as having been re-
duced as low as \$1.25 to \$1.50 per ton
of ore. This low possible cost of the
first smelting, now proven, has a wide
effect on the future of the district and
province, as it brings within the limit
of profitable ore many known deposits
of great extent which it has been previ-
ously regarded as impossible to profitably
treat."

"If it has to be recorded that, as yet,
very little iron ore as such has been mined
in the province. There have been a few
experimental shipments made and a con-
siderable amount of development work
carried on, but from the very nature of
these iron ores to be handled at all neces-
sitate an iron blast-furnace to treat it,
which is, as yet, not an accomplished
fact in British Columbia, and will not
be until a sufficient development has
been done to fully establish both the
quantity and quality of ore supply to
justify its erection. The statistics show
that 5,746 tons of ore were shipped,
which, as before stated, were used for
experimental purposes, or as a flux in
smelting other ores."

"There has been a small quantity of
platinum produced, about 4457
worth, from the Similkameen district.
This small output is occasioned by the
fact that comparatively little placer gold
mining has been going on in this district
of late, and as the platinum is recover-
ed with the placer gold, little has been
produced. This metal has been again
noted in the neighborhood of Dease lake
and on the Thompson river in the placer
workings, but no record has been obtain-
able of any quantity having been saved.
No reliable returns are available as to
the production of the various build-
ing materials for building purposes. There
are on the coast several first-class granite
and sandstone quarries opened and
doing a local trade. These quarries are
so admirably situated as regards water
transportation that there is a fair pros-
pect of their becoming an important ex-
port industry. Fire-brick, drain pipes
and tile are manufactured on Vancouver
Island for home consumption."

Convincing Evidence of Cancer Cures.

No remedy has ever met with such un-
qualified success as the new constitu-
tional treatment for cancers and tumors.
The fact that it acts on the principle of
destroying the cancer germs and purify-
ing the blood of cancer poisons, has es-
tablished it the only rational remedy for
cancers, tumors and malignant growths.
There are dozens of people in Canada
who have been completely cured by this
new, painless method of treatment, and
full particulars of these cases will be
sent to you if you will send two stamps to
Dr. V. Stott & Jury, Bowmanville, Ont.

A letter from Monastir, written by an
agent of the British and Foreign Bible
Society, who was an eye-witness of the
light at the Bulgarian village of Regli,
six miles north of Monastir, May 21st,
describes the Imperial forces and in-
surgent bands, says 17 Kamajia who were
in the village when it was attacked,
seeing that resistance was useless killed
themselves.

Monkey Brand Soap cleans kitchen uten-
sils, steel, iron and tinware, knives and
forks, and all kinds of cutlery.

—We have just opened up another line
of Table Damasks, Napkins, etc., of the
famous "Shamrock Brand." We are
agents for this and other leading manu-
facturers, Weller Bros.

ON LOOK-OUT FOR A CHINESE LEPER

SANITARY OFFICER WILSON IS WATCHING

The Quarterly Visit of City Officials to
Darcy Island—The Unfortunates
There Located.

Is there another leper in Chinatown?
Sanitary Officer Wilson believes that
there is one in hiding, and he has been
on the still hunt for some time. He is
bound to locate the unfortunate, but ex-
perience has taught that no matter what
vigilance is exercised the capture cannot
be hastily accomplished. And so Darcy
Island may continue in usefulness as a
lantern.

To-day there are but two on the island,
and it does not seem possible how they
can long hold out against the ravages of
their loathsome malady. One has only
the stumps left of his hands. He can
hardly bear to put what is left of a foot
to the ground. His eyes pain him, the
back of his face being so pinched and
contracted as to give him a terrible
appearance. Sores on his limbs continue
their deadly wasting process. Crutches
until recently were useful. He could get
about on them; could see the work his
more active companion was accomplish-
ing in the garden and woodshed, and
altogether better while away his miser-
able existence. Now he cannot use his
sticks. He appears positively helpless,
being what Dr. Robertson, the city
health officer, describes as a paralytic
state of leprosy. He is the leper who
came from Vancouver, and although
claiming to be in this country only five
or six years, knows considerable Eng-
lish. He realizes, however, that his end
is near at hand, and that soon his re-
mains must occupy the grave already
dug in the rear of his little cabin.

While this man is about 50 years of
age, his lone neighbor, occupying the
next room to him in the same building,
is only twenty, and shows much of the
activity of youth. He has a good gar-
den and lacks for nothing, for he is re-
membered, that no official has ever been
more attentive to the needs of his charge
than Mr. Wilson. The young leper
smiled gratefully as he stored the quar-
terly provisions away which were taken
to him on the tug Sadie yesterday. He
had asked for several things when Mr.
Wilson visited the island a week ago,
and, strange as it may seem, among his
wishes was that of a coffin. There is
nothing sentimental about John; he merely
wants to be prepared for death when
it comes. There was no coffin in stock,
so he had complained to Mr. Wil-
son. A dog, he and his companion had
asked for, to drive away the lynch which
infest the island, and carry off their
chickens at night, but Mr. Wilson had
overlooked this and will send one over
to the island in the course of a week or
so.

In the supplies which Mr. Wilson had
taken out to the island Sunday there was
nothing missing in the bill of fare that
the most fastidious Chinaman could have
thought of. The Sadie carried a consid-
erable party, including Dr. Robertson
and Rev. Mr. Ewing, superintendent of
missions, whose visit was the first he
and ever paid the island. Like some of
his predecessors, Mr. Ewing is convinced
that the lepers should be removed to
the island of Tracadie, where they could
have good care and attention, and he
purposes writing on the subject.

The Sadie left this city at 9 o'clock
yesterday morning, and was back in port
by three in the afternoon, all on board
having had a very pleasant outing.

"The Outermost Mattress" is the
mattress of the present and future; it
cannot be excelled. Write Weller Bros.
or call at their store for particulars."

A pair of women's shoes made in Lynn,
Mass., to establish a record for rapid
shoemaking required 57 different opera-
tions and the use of 42 machines and 100
pieces. All these parts were assembled
and made into a graceful pair of shoes
ready to wear in 13 minutes.

Your Suits Fit Best

So we often hear from customers
who have tried other stores before
coming to us. It's easy to buy
ready-tailored clothes if you know
where to get them, but people have to
learn by experience.

Our \$18, \$16 and \$14 Suits
Are the Best

That can be produced, and yet some
of you folks still persist in paying
\$20 to \$30 for no better suits.
Young Men's Suits, \$12, \$10 and \$8.
Flannel Suits, \$6.50, \$9.00, \$12.00
and \$15.00.

W. G. Cameron

Victoria's Cheapest Cash Clothier,
55 JOHNSON ST.

TO LET—FURNISHED HOUSE

Six rooms, bath room, electric light, \$25
per month, including water; situate Equi-
malt road.

Swinerton & Oddy,
105 GOVERNMENT STREET.

Campbell's.



Up-to-date Ladies' Waists in endless variety of
new styles.

Grass Linen, Muslin and Crash Suits.
Special Sample Line of Waists at 50c and 75c

Assorted Pie Fruits

Three-Pound Tins, Two for 25c.

Watson & Hall, GROCERS.



CAMMELL'S ENGLISH STEEL

For Definite
Results in
All Kinds of
Mining

We Manufacture Rails, Shoes and Dies CYCLOPS STEEL WORKS, SHEFFIELD, ENGLAND.

ROWLAND MACHIN, Can. Agent, Yates St., Victoria, B. C.
Sold by Hickman-Tye Hardware Co., W. S. Fraser & Co., Nicholls &
Renout.

Everybody
ASK FOR
New Sulphurous,
Odorless,
Every Stick a Match
Every Match a Light.

EDDY'S "HEADLIGHT" MATCHES

These matches are by far the cheapest and most economical of any on
the market. The finest matches in the world, made from soft curly pine
and especially suitable for domestic use. Put up in neat sliding boxes,
assorted colors, each box containing about 500 matches—three boxes in a
package.

For Sale by all First-Class Dealers.

FINEST HOUSE PAINTS, STAINS AND VARNISHES

J. SEARS,
Phone, B742. 31-33 Yates Street.

COAL! COAL!

(NO SCARCITY OF COAL.)
PHONE 407. PHONE 407.
We beg to notify the public that we have
not advanced the price of our coal. It
is still per ton, sack or lump... \$6.00
JAMES BAKER & CO.

CARPETS CARPETS

If you want your carpets cleaned and re-
told promptly and satisfactorily before the
spring rush commences, ring up
BROOK & O'NEILL,
301 Bldg. 30 Fort St.

Funds Wanted

For investment, in large or small amounts.
A. B. THOMAS,
Broker,
Molson Bank Building, Seymour Street,
Vancouver, B. C.

Do Corns Make You Limp?

A Corn Cure

Perfectly safe, that we refund the money on every time it fails.
We don't want you to pay for it unless it cures. Price 25c., mailed anywhere.

CYRUS H. BOWES

CHEMIST,
88 Government St., Near Yates St.,
VICTORIA, B. C.
PHONE 425 AND 450.

City News in Brief.

—Have your Upholstery and Mattresses repaired at Smith & Champion's.

—Going to Vancouver or Westminster? Take the Terminal railway at 7.00 a. m. daily.

—See Kinnaird's window for good goods at cheap prices. Suits from \$20 in latest New York styles at 62 Johnson street.

—Robert Croft of this city on Saturday last sold a site for the Carnegie library to be erected at Ballard. The building is to cost \$15,000.

—The Friendly Help Society will hold their regular monthly meeting in the rooms, Market hall, to-morrow morning at 11 o'clock. All members are requested to attend.

—The body of Charlie Phillip, the West Coast Indian, found drowned at Rock Bay, was interred in the Songhees cemetery on Saturday. Rev. Father Levesque conducted the ceremony at the graveside.

—Ye Olde London Wanderers will hold a general meeting this evening, commencing at 8 o'clock, at the Balmoral hotel. Important business will be transacted and all members are requested to attend.

—Mrs. R. Erskine received word today of the death of her brother in England. Deceased had for many years been a commercial traveller, covering the whole of Great Britain, and was well-known throughout the leading cities of the Old Country.

—At to-night's meeting of the Natural History Society Ashdown Green will deliver an address on "Modes of Fishing." Mr. Green is an authority on this subject, and his address should prove most interesting and instructive. The meeting will be held in the caucus room of the Parliament building.

—The great McEwen has arrived in Victoria, and to-night, at the Victoria theatre, will give the first of his exhibitions of magic and hypnotism. The announcement of the coming of McEwen has created great interest here, not only among men of research along psychical lines, but with all amusement lovers generally. For McEwen is versatile. He attracts the attention alike of the student and of the seeker for simple amusement wherever he goes. He entertains while he instructs, and he always so conducts his work as to eliminate the possibility of objection to any of its features by anybody. McEwen has made a life study of magic and hypnotism, and he "knows how." This fact he will demonstrate amply to Victoria people this week.

—At the regular public meeting of the Socialist party held in Labor hall last evening, a diversion was taken from the regular course by having impromptu speeches. C. Williams acted as chairman. O. L. Charlton, who was the first speaker, dealt with the subject of capital and labor, and maintained that there could be no community of interest between the two. H. Dixon spoke next on the necessity of working class politics; J. Oliver on the present industrial condition and their remedy; J. C. Waters on revolution not reform (but a peaceful revolution); W. H. Marcon on the rapid growth of the Socialist movement, and the development of the local branch from its nucleus of three years ago. He referred also to the appalling economic degradation everywhere. The meeting closed with a short speech by G. W. Wrigley on the local political crisis.

—Rowland Brittain, patent attorney, of Vancouver, sends the following abstract from the Official Gazette of the United States patent office for the week ending May 19th, 1903: During this week 641 patents were issued, 545 being to citizens of the United States, Austria Hungary, 8; Brazil, 1; Canada, 12; Great Britain, 34; France, 15; Germany, 17; Italy, 3; New Zealand, 2; Norway, 1; Sweden, 1; Switzerland, 1; Transvaal, South Africa, 1; and Victoria, Australia, 1. A United States patent was issued last week to E. Percival of Vancouver on an improved device to be used as a substitute for lacing in the outer casing of a double tube tire. It consists of a light metal band having secured ends, at one end a small ball, and at the other a flattened button. The flattened button forms the permanent attachment of the fastener in the lace hole of the outer tube; the ball end being inserted in the opposite lace hole and as quickly replaced. An alternative and even cheaper design is made of wire bent to form a cross bar at one end and a hook member at the other.

Fishing Tackle

Of the best quality, largest stock, at
JOHN BARNESLEY & CO.
115 Government Street.

Buy at Shawnigan

The Island summer resort. We are offering some special bargains in water front.

Lots

For the next few days. Call early and make your selection.
FIRE INSURANCE AND MONEY TO LOAN.

P. C. MacGregor & Co.
AGENTS.

—House Awnings! Ring up Smith & Champion for estimates. All colors.

—See Heard, Moody block, about the mechanical treatment of your rupture.

—Carpets taken up, cleaned and laid. Smith & Champion, 100 Douglas street.

—Fresh spring salmon 7 cents per lb. at People's Market, foot Yates street, near fish slip.

—The vital statistics for the month of May are as follows: Births, 307; marriages, 12; deaths, 34.

—Fast steamers for Skagway. Dolphin sails May 29th and June 9th; Humboldt sails June 3rd and 13th. E. E. Blackwood agent.

—Residents of the lower Mainland, it is stated, are about to apply for the transmission of Victoria mails via the Victoria Terminal railway.

—"Plushette Rugs." Very rich looking rugs in Crimson, Olive, Gold or Blue at \$7.50 each. This is one of the best values we are handling this season in the "Rug Line." Weller Bros.

—The tally-ho opened its regular service to-day, calling at the Tourist Association headquarters and hotels. Quite a number of trips were made, all of which were well patronized.

—The regular review of Baxter Hive, No. 8, of the Ladies of the Macabees, will be held Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock in Semple's hall, Victoria West. All the members are requested to be present.

—A return game of baseball took place on Sunday between the Esquimalt and Songhees. A large number of spectators assembled at Macaulay Point to witness the game. At the close the score stood 14 to 8 in favor of the Esquimalts. Chief Cooper received a challenge from the Whistlers to play a match on Independence Day.

—The summer time card on the E. & N. railway comes into effect to-day. In addition to the new suburban service between Victoria and Shawnigan Lake the only alteration in the regular service is the afternoon trains on Saturdays, Sundays and Wednesdays. Instead of leaving here at 4:25 p.m. as at present, the time of departure has been fixed at 4 p.m.

—The regular weekly meeting of the Chamber of Commerce will be held to-morrow evening. It is understood that the transportation committee will submit a plan for the formation of a shipper's association to deal with the matters referred to in the report now before the chamber. A meeting of the committee is to be held to-night to consider the proposed recommendation. Other matters of importance will be considered.

—In the police court this morning Chas. Gunion was fined \$5 or 10 days' imprisonment for drunkenness. Tom, a West Coast Indian, was fined a similar sum with \$1.50 costs additional for a like over-indulgence in the burning fluid. R. B. Wrathall was fined \$15 and \$1.50 costs or one month's imprisonment for creating a disturbance. Wrathall had been drinking heavily and raised such a row at his home that the police were summoned.

—A meeting of the school board will be held this evening, when a further conference will be held between the trustees and H. Dunell, of the manual training school. Mr. Dunell will explain the plans outlined by him in a communication to the board some time ago relative to the continuance of the manual training system here. It is also likely that the question of teachers' salaries will be discussed, and on the whole a session of unusual interest is promised.

—As mentioned in these columns previously a series of inter-club matches have been arranged between the Victoria Lawn Tennis Club and the James Bay Athletic Association Tennis Club, commencing on Monday, the 8th inst., at 3 p.m. on the grounds of the former club, on Belcher street. The matches so arranged are: Three men's doubles and six men's singles. The names of the players representing the two clubs will be published later. All those who are interested in the event are cordially invited to attend.

Money to Loan on Mortgage

Insure in the Manchester Fire Assurance Co.
Swinerton & Oddy,
105 GOVERNMENT ST.

Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites

A splendid nerve tonic and builder. Prepared by
HALL & CO.
Dispensing Chemists, Clarence Block, Cor. Yates and Douglas Streets.

NO YUKONERS ON THE PRINCESS MAY

BIG RUSH EXPECTED ON SHIP'S NEXT TRIP

Tees Returned From Northern B. C. Ports This Morning—Fishing Starts on June 15th.

While there have been many reports of the opening of navigation in the North and the Dawson papers of early May spoke of the early disappearing of ice on many of the streams flowing into the Yukon, the fact remains that passenger traffic to the coast from the great interior of the North has not yet begun. Forcible evidence of this was to be found when the steamer Princess May returned to port from Skagway last night. There were but two passengers, and one of these came from Ketchikan. The steamer left Skagway on Friday night, and up till that time no river craft had reached White Horse from Dawson. A big crowd, however, is expected out with the first steamer from Dawson, and the officers of the Princess May are looking forward to a rush on their next trip.

Mail from Dawson under date of May 28th tells of the Forty-Mile breaking near the Forty-Mile on the morning of the 27th, this being the earliest opening of the river since 1891. On the same day a rapid stream was flowing over the ice in the Klondike, threatening property en route. Eldorado was overflowing, and the largest mines along its route, on which work started early in the season, had to close down because of the flood. Machinery was in jeopardy, and there was a general suspension of operations. The gusher which was causing so much trouble last year is now about to be put to good service. It is intended that it shall be used for supplying the town of Bonanza.

The Princess May is scheduled to leave again to-night for Lynn canal, and as on her last trip, she will be heavily freighted. She will have upwards of 200 tons of general merchandise from local merchants, there being 40 tons destined for the Hudson Bay points of the Stikine, which will be carried up the river by the Mount Royal. The balance is mostly for Dawson, and has been shipped chiefly by Wilson Brothers and Turner, Becton & Co. Among the passengers, besides 80 sacks of mail, will be T. B. Hood, Capt. Irving, Mrs. Campbell, A. Campbell, M. Welch and A. Schrod. On her last upward trip the steamer carried 75 passengers, namely, 11 first-class for Wrangell for Mr. Pike's Casiar mines, and 11 second-class passengers, besides 80 sacks of mail for West Coast points to-night. She will carry among other passengers A. Daykin, Mrs. T. J. Jackson, P. B. Joseph, J. Holland and J. E. Sutton.

Steamer Athenian left Hongkong en route to Victoria on the 27th of May.

"MOST AMAZING."

St. Louis, Mo., May 29.—An indictment charging State Senator Frank H. Harris with bribery was returned by the St. Louis grand jury to-day. The report of the grand jury says in part: "The testimony we have heard has shown a state of affairs most amazing. We have listened to the confessions of state Senators. Were we at liberty to make known all they have told us the record would appall and astound the citizens of this state. The extent of the venality existing among the makers of our state laws is alarming to those who believe in free government."

"Our investigations have gone back for twelve years, and during that time the evidence before us shows that corruption has been the usual and accepted thing in state legislation, and that, too, without interference or hindrance. The tendency has been to hide or ignore rather than to expose and punish this infamous crime. "Laws have been sold to the highest bidder in numerous instances that we have evidence of. We believe that laws should be passed making it unlawful for lobbyists to ply their profession in the manner that some of them now operate, and providing for the forfeiture of franchises procured by corrupt methods."

"We have found some indictments for bribery and there would be many more were it not for the statute of limitation which should be extended to seven years from the date of the crime."

CANNERS' CONFERENCE.

"A meeting was held on Saturday afternoon between the committee of the Fraser River Cannery Association and representatives of the B. C. Fishermen's Union and the Japanese Fishermen's Union in regard to the scale of prices to be paid for fish during the ensuing season," says the Vancouver News-Advertiser. "The Cannery Association offered 15 cents per fish during July and 14 cents in August, or payment by a sliding scale as previously offered. The cannery stated these were the maximum figures they would pay under any circumstances. The B. C. Fishermen's union asked 18 cents for July and 17 cents for August, while the Japanese offered to fish for 17 cents in July and 16 cents in August. Considerable discussion took place but the meeting closed without any agreement being reached between the cannery and the fishermen."

LOCAL CREAMERY BUTTER

VICTORIA AND DELTA.
REDUCED TO 30c. PER POUND. JERSEY AND ALBERTA CREAMERY, REDUCED TO 25c. PER POUND.

JOHNS BROS.,

Grocers and Butchers. 259 Douglas Street.

Summer Shoes

Now is the time to settle this important question. Men's Canvas Low and High Out Shoes, \$1.25 and \$1.50. Men's English Tennis Shoes, in White Buckskin and Russia Leather Low and High Out. Ladies' English Tennis Oxfords, in White Buckskin, Black and Tan Kid. Ladies' White Canvas Oxfords. Shoe Dressings in all colors; Blanco for White Shoes. Repairing done on the premises by skilled workmen.

THE PATERSON SHOE CO.'S Shoe Emporium

COR. GOVERNMENT AND JOHNSON STREETS.

ment being reached between the cannery and the fishermen."

HURRYING COAL TO PORT.

"Some relief for the threatened coal shortage will be afforded by the big cargo of 5,000 tons now on the way here on the steamer Yeddo, consigned to Dunsmuir," says the San Francisco Chronicle. "The Yeddo's cargo was originally intended for Honolulu, and the steamer arrived there from Newcastle, Australia, on May 21st, but orders were sent for the vessel to go to San Francisco. While scores of ships are under charter to bring coal from Newcastle, only one or two of them are at this time due to arrive, and the local shortage of coal gives consumers as well as dealers some concern. Many of the vessels chartered to load coal at Newcastle for this city have not yet arrived at the Australian port."

PORT ANGELES EXCURSIONS.

The Paget Sound Navigation Co.'s new steamer Clam will leave commission about June 23rd, and will take the Rosalie's place on this route. On July 4th she will run excursions between this place and Port Angeles, making four round trips.

MARINE NOTES.

The Northwestern Commercial Co.'s big freighter Astor will leave San Francisco to-day en route to Seattle, to enter the Neime traffic. The vessel calls at Nanaimo for 5,000 tons of coal. Later she is to load another 1,000 tons at Tacoma.

Owing to the steamer Riffon Maru having left the Orient one day late, she will not be due this week until Wednesday. The ship has 97 tons of freight and 99 Chinese passengers for this city. Steamer Queen City sails for West Coast points to-night. She will carry among other passengers A. Daykin, Mrs. T. J. Jackson, P. B. Joseph, J. Holland and J. E. Sutton.

Steamer Athenian left Hongkong en route to Victoria on the 27th of May.

"MOST AMAZING."

St. Louis, Mo., May 29.—An indictment charging State Senator Frank H. Harris with bribery was returned by the St. Louis grand jury to-day. The report of the grand jury says in part: "The testimony we have heard has shown a state of affairs most amazing. We have listened to the confessions of state Senators. Were we at liberty to make known all they have told us the record would appall and astound the citizens of this state. The extent of the venality existing among the makers of our state laws is alarming to those who believe in free government."

"Our investigations have gone back for twelve years, and during that time the evidence before us shows that corruption has been the usual and accepted thing in state legislation, and that, too, without interference or hindrance. The tendency has been to hide or ignore rather than to expose and punish this infamous crime. "Laws have been sold to the highest bidder in numerous instances that we have evidence of. We believe that laws should be passed making it unlawful for lobbyists to ply their profession in the manner that some of them now operate, and providing for the forfeiture of franchises procured by corrupt methods."

EXCURSION TO WHATCOM.

A Splendid Outing Arranged for Sunday Next on Steamer City of Nanaimo.

The popular excursion steamer City of Nanaimo has been chartered for a trip to Whatcom on Sunday next, June 7th. This trip is notable as being extremely picturesque, and offers an excellent opportunity to enjoy the delightful sail along the shores of Bellingham Bay and among the chain of islands that the trip affords. Mothers and children can enjoy this trip, as any rough sea is avoided by being sheltered the entire route. One of the chief attractions at Whatcom will be a championship game of baseball, which promises to be both exciting and interesting. The excursionists will leave from the C. P. N. Company's wharf at 8 a. m., and returning will arrive in Victoria at 9 p. m. The fare is but \$1 for the round trip.

Alfred Davies, M. P., has arrived at New York to study the methods of steamer mail service with a view of adopting the system at British ports.

SUNDAY EXCURSION TO CROFTON.

Steamer Iroquois leaves Sidney every Sunday, connecting with the V. T. & S. Ry. train leaving Market Station at 7 a. m. Returns steamer leaves Crofton at 3 p. m. arriving Victoria 6.40 p. m. Fare for the round trip, \$1.50.

Made in the LATEST STYLE. Remember, to take a like, at
PEDEN'S,
36 Port St. Merchant Tailor.

THE WESTSIDE

VICTORIA'S POPULAR STORE. JUNE 1, 1903.

More New Wash Fabrics

The latest arrivals in Wash Fabrics continue to attract more than ordinary attention. This department is a veritable world of Wash Fabrics, priced as you've never seen Wash Goods priced before, so low. Representatives come to us from every section centre in the world. THE WESTSIDE'S Wash Fabrics are endorsed by thousands. Still we've never offered better values than these.

New White Dress Muslins
WHITE CHECK DRESS MUSLINS, pretty fancy check effects, very durable. PER YARD 15c and 12½c
NEW WHITE SPOT MUSLINS, small and medium spot effects, a dainty summer dress fabric. PER YARD 15c
Dainty Muslins and Duck
FANCY COLORED DIMITY MUSLINS. PER YARD 25c
HEAVY FANCY COLORED DUCK, with white grounds. PER YARD 12½c
HEAVY FANCY COLORED DUCK, with indigo blue grounds. PER YARD 15c

MAIL ORDERS PROMPTLY EXECUTED.

The Hutcheson Co., Ltd., Victoria, B. C.

The Strong Purchasing Power of a Dollar

Will surprise you if you observe these prices and then come and examine the quality of the goods we're giving:
STRAWBERRY OR RASPBERRY JAM, 5 lb. pails 40c.
EMPRESS CREAM, per tin 10c.
PURE NATIVE PORT, per bottle 25c.
I. De Turk's Wines are the finest, every bottle guaranteed pure.

The Saunders Grocery Co., Ltd.,
Phone 28. 39-41 Johnson Street.

If U once try it--U'll always buy it. HOUSE OF COMMONS SCOTCH WHISKY

DISTILLED BY BUCHANAN & CO. AND SUPPLIED TO HOUSE OF LORDS. AT LEADING LIQUOR DEALERS AND BARS. NUP ORD.

For Lumber, Sash, Doors, And All Kinds of Building Material, Go to THE TAYLOR MILL CO., LIMITED LIABILITY.

MILL OFFICE AND YARDS, NORTH GOVERNMENT ST., VICTORIA, B. C. P. O. BOX 628. TEL. 564.

NOTHING BUT PRICES

We have no room to give detailed descriptions of our Sale Bargains. We simply state the article, the regular and sale price. No trash leaves this store, and our regular prices are the lowest in the city. You will appreciate the prices when you see the goods. We guarantee the quality.

ARMOUR'S ROAST BEEF, 2s Regular, Sale Price. 35c, 25c.
ARMOUR'S CORN BEEF, 2s 35c, 25c.
ARMOUR'S LUNCH TONGUE, 1s 40c, 30c.
ARMOUR'S DEVILED HAM, ½s 15c, 10c.
ARMOUR'S ROAST FOWL, 1s 50c, 35c.

The "West End" Grocery Co.

Phone 88. 42 Government Street.

MONEY TO LOAN

In Large or Small Amounts, for a Long or Short Period.

Stores and Dwellings To Let

BUSINESS CHANCES SEVERAL FOR SALE.

Bargains in Houses

ON DEFERRED PAYMENTS. British America Assurance Co. accepts risks at any point on Vancouver Island.
P. R. Brown,
30 BROAD STREET.

HOTEL BADMINTON

VANCOUVER.

JOS. W. WALLIS, Prop. American plan. Rate, \$2 and \$2.50. Situated in the heart of the city. Street cars at one block, passing continuously for all parts of the city. Barber shop in connection. Phone in every room.

A little lemon juice added to the water in which rice is boiled will keep the grains separate.

M. W. Waitt & Co.
Phone 104. 44 Government St.

SPRING SUITS

Before ordering see our stock and get prices. Satisfaction guaranteed.

THOMAS & GRANT'S,
92 GOVERNMENT STREET.

The Latest Music

THE DREAM BOAT—by Gerald Lane. The latest by this well known writer. Very pretty and taking.
GOOD NIGHT, BELOVED. GOOD NIGHT. A song with sweet refrain, and will be a good seller.
THE STORMY PETREL. One of the best songs received by us for some time.
VOLANTE, INTERMEZZO. A summer idyl, very dainty, and will be liked by everyone.
DREAM OF THE SEA WALTZ. One of the best waltzes of the season, with a good swing, and yet dreamy.

M. W. Waitt & Co.
Phone 104. 44 Government St.

Waltham Watches

The standards of time.

"The Perfected American Watch," an illustrated book of interesting information about watches, will be sent free upon request.

American Waltham Watch Company,
Waltham, Mass.

THE COLLEGE BOYS
WERE SHUT OUTEMERSON THE BRIGHT
STAR ON SATURDAYStruck Out Eighteen Men—Fielding Was
Not of the Best—Other Games
and Sports.

Saturday's game between the University of Washington and Victoria teams was won by the latter by a score of 6 to 0. The match was not especially notable for fast playing on either side. Spectators were treated to some exceedingly poor fielding, both on the part of the collegians and local players. Lieser, shortstop on the former nine, seemed to be entirely off color, and before the finish of the match had seven errors to his credit. Outside of that the visitors' work as a team was good. The pitcher, Brinker, proved to have a very deceptive delivery and a great variety of curves. A remarkable feature about his work was that while he did allow only five hits he fanned only two men.

Emerson covered himself with glory. His twirling was the most noticeable feature of the play of the local nine. During the match he struck out 18 men, the record so far this season. The visitors seemed unable to locate his curves. The best batters of the visiting team seemed to find it impossible to connect with his elusive puzzlers, for during the whole nine innings not one hit was made. There was a mix-up in the left field between Moore, McConnell and Chase through which a fly was allowed to drop to the ground. A similar error occurred between the home plate and first base, Smith and Risher, when Emerson's well as a team was good. The pitcher, Brinker, proved to have a very deceptive delivery and a great variety of curves. A remarkable feature about his work was that while he did allow only five hits he fanned only two men.

Emerson covered himself with glory. His twirling was the most noticeable feature of the play of the local nine. During the match he struck out 18 men, the record so far this season. The visitors seemed unable to locate his curves. The best batters of the visiting team seemed to find it impossible to connect with his elusive puzzlers, for during the whole nine innings not one hit was made. There was a mix-up in the left field between Moore, McConnell and Chase through which a fly was allowed to drop to the ground. A similar error occurred between the home plate and first base, Smith and Risher, when Emerson's well as a team was good. The pitcher, Brinker, proved to have a very deceptive delivery and a great variety of curves. A remarkable feature about his work was that while he did allow only five hits he fanned only two men.

Emerson covered himself with glory. His twirling was the most noticeable feature of the play of the local nine. During the match he struck out 18 men, the record so far this season. The visitors seemed unable to locate his curves. The best batters of the visiting team seemed to find it impossible to connect with his elusive puzzlers, for during the whole nine innings not one hit was made. There was a mix-up in the left field between Moore, McConnell and Chase through which a fly was allowed to drop to the ground. A similar error occurred between the home plate and first base, Smith and Risher, when Emerson's well as a team was good. The pitcher, Brinker, proved to have a very deceptive delivery and a great variety of curves. A remarkable feature about his work was that while he did allow only five hits he fanned only two men.

Emerson covered himself with glory. His twirling was the most noticeable feature of the play of the local nine. During the match he struck out 18 men, the record so far this season. The visitors seemed unable to locate his curves. The best batters of the visiting team seemed to find it impossible to connect with his elusive puzzlers, for during the whole nine innings not one hit was made. There was a mix-up in the left field between Moore, McConnell and Chase through which a fly was allowed to drop to the ground. A similar error occurred between the home plate and first base, Smith and Risher, when Emerson's well as a team was good. The pitcher, Brinker, proved to have a very deceptive delivery and a great variety of curves. A remarkable feature about his work was that while he did allow only five hits he fanned only two men.

Emerson covered himself with glory. His twirling was the most noticeable feature of the play of the local nine. During the match he struck out 18 men, the record so far this season. The visitors seemed unable to locate his curves. The best batters of the visiting team seemed to find it impossible to connect with his elusive puzzlers, for during the whole nine innings not one hit was made. There was a mix-up in the left field between Moore, McConnell and Chase through which a fly was allowed to drop to the ground. A similar error occurred between the home plate and first base, Smith and Risher, when Emerson's well as a team was good. The pitcher, Brinker, proved to have a very deceptive delivery and a great variety of curves. A remarkable feature about his work was that while he did allow only five hits he fanned only two men.

Emerson covered himself with glory. His twirling was the most noticeable feature of the play of the local nine. During the match he struck out 18 men, the record so far this season. The visitors seemed unable to locate his curves. The best batters of the visiting team seemed to find it impossible to connect with his elusive puzzlers, for during the whole nine innings not one hit was made. There was a mix-up in the left field between Moore, McConnell and Chase through which a fly was allowed to drop to the ground. A similar error occurred between the home plate and first base, Smith and Risher, when Emerson's well as a team was good. The pitcher, Brinker, proved to have a very deceptive delivery and a great variety of curves. A remarkable feature about his work was that while he did allow only five hits he fanned only two men.

Emerson covered himself with glory. His twirling was the most noticeable feature of the play of the local nine. During the match he struck out 18 men, the record so far this season. The visitors seemed unable to locate his curves. The best batters of the visiting team seemed to find it impossible to connect with his elusive puzzlers, for during the whole nine innings not one hit was made. There was a mix-up in the left field between Moore, McConnell and Chase through which a fly was allowed to drop to the ground. A similar error occurred between the home plate and first base, Smith and Risher, when Emerson's well as a team was good. The pitcher, Brinker, proved to have a very deceptive delivery and a great variety of curves. A remarkable feature about his work was that while he did allow only five hits he fanned only two men.

Emerson covered himself with glory. His twirling was the most noticeable feature of the play of the local nine. During the match he struck out 18 men, the record so far this season. The visitors seemed unable to locate his curves. The best batters of the visiting team seemed to find it impossible to connect with his elusive puzzlers, for during the whole nine innings not one hit was made. There was a mix-up in the left field between Moore, McConnell and Chase through which a fly was allowed to drop to the ground. A similar error occurred between the home plate and first base, Smith and Risher, when Emerson's well as a team was good. The pitcher, Brinker, proved to have a very deceptive delivery and a great variety of curves. A remarkable feature about his work was that while he did allow only five hits he fanned only two men.

Emerson covered himself with glory. His twirling was the most noticeable feature of the play of the local nine. During the match he struck out 18 men, the record so far this season. The visitors seemed unable to locate his curves. The best batters of the visiting team seemed to find it impossible to connect with his elusive puzzlers, for during the whole nine innings not one hit was made. There was a mix-up in the left field between Moore, McConnell and Chase through which a fly was allowed to drop to the ground. A similar error occurred between the home plate and first base, Smith and Risher, when Emerson's well as a team was good. The pitcher, Brinker, proved to have a very deceptive delivery and a great variety of curves. A remarkable feature about his work was that while he did allow only five hits he fanned only two men.

Emerson covered himself with glory. His twirling was the most noticeable feature of the play of the local nine. During the match he struck out 18 men, the record so far this season. The visitors seemed unable to locate his curves. The best batters of the visiting team seemed to find it impossible to connect with his elusive puzzlers, for during the whole nine innings not one hit was made. There was a mix-up in the left field between Moore, McConnell and Chase through which a fly was allowed to drop to the ground. A similar error occurred between the home plate and first base, Smith and Risher, when Emerson's well as a team was good. The pitcher, Brinker, proved to have a very deceptive delivery and a great variety of curves. A remarkable feature about his work was that while he did allow only five hits he fanned only two men.

Emerson covered himself with glory. His twirling was the most noticeable feature of the play of the local nine. During the match he struck out 18 men, the record so far this season. The visitors seemed unable to locate his curves. The best batters of the visiting team seemed to find it impossible to connect with his elusive puzzlers, for during the whole nine innings not one hit was made. There was a mix-up in the left field between Moore, McConnell and Chase through which a fly was allowed to drop to the ground. A similar error occurred between the home plate and first base, Smith and Risher, when Emerson's well as a team was good. The pitcher, Brinker, proved to have a very deceptive delivery and a great variety of curves. A remarkable feature about his work was that while he did allow only five hits he fanned only two men.

Emerson covered himself with glory. His twirling was the most noticeable feature of the play of the local nine. During the match he struck out 18 men, the record so far this season. The visitors seemed unable to locate his curves. The best batters of the visiting team seemed to find it impossible to connect with his elusive puzzlers, for during the whole nine innings not one hit was made. There was a mix-up in the left field between Moore, McConnell and Chase through which a fly was allowed to drop to the ground. A similar error occurred between the home plate and first base, Smith and Risher, when Emerson's well as a team was good. The pitcher, Brinker, proved to have a very deceptive delivery and a great variety of curves. A remarkable feature about his work was that while he did allow only five hits he fanned only two men.

Emerson covered himself with glory. His twirling was the most noticeable feature of the play of the local nine. During the match he struck out 18 men, the record so far this season. The visitors seemed unable to locate his curves. The best batters of the visiting team seemed to find it impossible to connect with his elusive puzzlers, for during the whole nine innings not one hit was made. There was a mix-up in the left field between Moore, McConnell and Chase through which a fly was allowed to drop to the ground. A similar error occurred between the home plate and first base, Smith and Risher, when Emerson's well as a team was good. The pitcher, Brinker, proved to have a very deceptive delivery and a great variety of curves. A remarkable feature about his work was that while he did allow only five hits he fanned only two men.

Emerson covered himself with glory. His twirling was the most noticeable feature of the play of the local nine. During the match he struck out 18 men, the record so far this season. The visitors seemed unable to locate his curves. The best batters of the visiting team seemed to find it impossible to connect with his elusive puzzlers, for during the whole nine innings not one hit was made. There was a mix-up in the left field between Moore, McConnell and Chase through which a fly was allowed to drop to the ground. A similar error occurred between the home plate and first base, Smith and Risher, when Emerson's well as a team was good. The pitcher, Brinker, proved to have a very deceptive delivery and a great variety of curves. A remarkable feature about his work was that while he did allow only five hits he fanned only two men.

Emerson covered himself with glory. His twirling was the most noticeable feature of the play of the local nine. During the match he struck out 18 men, the record so far this season. The visitors seemed unable to locate his curves. The best batters of the visiting team seemed to find it impossible to connect with his elusive puzzlers, for during the whole nine innings not one hit was made. There was a mix-up in the left field between Moore, McConnell and Chase through which a fly was allowed to drop to the ground. A similar error occurred between the home plate and first base, Smith and Risher, when Emerson's well as a team was good. The pitcher, Brinker, proved to have a very deceptive delivery and a great variety of curves. A remarkable feature about his work was that while he did allow only five hits he fanned only two men.

Emerson covered himself with glory. His twirling was the most noticeable feature of the play of the local nine. During the match he struck out 18 men, the record so far this season. The visitors seemed unable to locate his curves. The best batters of the visiting team seemed to find it impossible to connect with his elusive puzzlers, for during the whole nine innings not one hit was made. There was a mix-up in the left field between Moore, McConnell and Chase through which a fly was allowed to drop to the ground. A similar error occurred between the home plate and first base, Smith and Risher, when Emerson's well as a team was good. The pitcher, Brinker, proved to have a very deceptive delivery and a great variety of curves. A remarkable feature about his work was that while he did allow only five hits he fanned only two men.

Two more runs were made by Victoria upon coming to bat. Smith and Chase scored. Their success in getting in was largely due to errors by Lieser at shortstop and a wild pitch. The remaining two innings were productive of nothing of importance. In the eighth Emerson hit a smasher to left field, on which he got three bases. Two men were out, however, before he had come to bat, and he was unable to score, as Smith went out on a foul fly to Catcher Spiedell, retiring the side.

The summary follows:

Victoria.										
	a.	b.	r.	h.	p.	a.	e.			
Smith, c.	5	1	0	10	1	2				
Risher, 1. b.	3	0	0	0	0	0				
Chase, 3. b.	4	1	0	1	0	1				
McConnell, 2. s.	4	1	2	0	0	1				
Burnes, c. f.	4	1	1	0	0	1				
Moore, 1. f.	4	1	1	0	0	1				
Goward, r. f.	3	0	0	0	0	1				
Haynes, 2. b.	4	1	0	0	0	1				
Emerson, p.	4	0	1	1	0	0				
University of Washington.										
	a.	b.	r.	h.	p.	a.	e.			
Lieser, s.	4	0	0	2	2	1				
Brinker, 1. b.	3	0	0	1	3	0				
Spiedell, c.	3	0	0	6	2	1				
Longfellow, 3. b.	4	0	0	2	1	0				
Gibson, 1. f.	4	0	0	3	0	0				
Cole, 2. b.	3	0	0	1	2	0				
Straus, r. f.	2	0	0	1	0	0				
Bounds, c. f.	3	0	0	0	0	0				
Score by Innings.										
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9		
Victoria	0	0	0	0	1	3	2	0	6	
University	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	

Summary—Earned runs, Victoria 1; three base hit, Emerson; struck out, by Emerson 18, by Brinker 1; wild pitch, Brinker. Time of game, 1 hour 20 minutes. Umpire, W. Hall. Attendance, 900.

NOTES.

Umpire Hall had a hard time keeping out of the way of the ball on Saturday. Several times during the game he was almost hit during the progress of the ball from the catcher to second base.

Emerson's record of 18 strike-outs is the best so far this season. He mixed his curves so well that the visitors didn't know what was coming next.

There was another large attendance on Saturday. Baseball promises to be the most popular sport of the summer months.

The Victoria team should be proud of their pitchers. Holmes and Emerson have shown their ability to hold their own with an amateur team of the North Pacific coast.

During their visit here the University of Washington players have acted in a most sportsmanlike manner while on the field. Victorians will look for their return with pleasure.

There was considerable difference of opinion expressed among the spectators on Saturday over the decision of the umpire on a fly batted by Longfellow of the visiting nine to Goward in right field. Mr. Hall points out that the ball was absolutely fair, as it fell well inside the foul line, but Goward's speed caused him to carry it outside, where he dropped it. This decision is confirmed by those on the field in a position to see the play.

INTER-SCHOOL GAME.

As briefly mentioned in these columns, the inter-school game between nine from the Central and North Ward schools was won by the former by a score of 12 to 7. Both sides showed up to fine advantage, as the appended summary will show. The batteries were Sargison and Phillips for the Central Ward, and Fugle and Smith for the North Ward. The score summary is as follows:

Central Ward.

Ab. r. h. p. a. e.

Therault, 2. b. 2 1 1 0 0 0

Morley, 3. b. 4 1 1 1 0 0

Neubitt, c. f. 3 2 0 0 0 0

Shanks, 1. f. 4 2 2 0 0 0

McKerick, s. f. 4 2 3 0 0 0

Chambers, r. f. 4 1 2 0 0 0

Brooker, 1. b. 1 1 0 7 0 2

Sargison, p. 2 1 2 0 0 0

Phillips, c. 2 1 0 5 0 2

20 12 10 15 12 4

North Ward.

Ab. r. h. p. a. e.

Taylor, 2. b. 2 0 0 2 1 1

Smith, c. 3 1 1 4 0 2

Dacros, 1. f. 1 1 0 1 0 0

Fugle, p. 3 1 0 0 0 0

Humber, c. f. 3 0 0 0 0 0

Hall, 1. b. 2 1 1 5 0 1

McCartner, s. 2 1 1 3 0 1

Russell, 3. b. 3 0 0 0 0 0

Gill, r. f. 3 0 0 0 0 0

Smith, 1. f. 0 1 0 0 0 1

22 6 3 15 2 6

Score by Innings.

1 2 3 4 5

Central 5 1 0 1 1—12

North Ward 2 0 0 3 2—6

Summary—Earned runs, Central 2; North Ward 2; three base hits, Morley; two base hit, McCartney; struck out, by Sargison 5, by Fugle 4; bases on balls, by Sargison 4, by Fugle 5; hit by pitched ball, by Sargison 1, by Fugle 2; umpire, F. Jewell.

INTERMEDIATE GAME.

The Hillides laid low the Esquimaux line at Macaulay Point on Saturday afternoon by the narrow margin of one run.

The match from beginning to end was an exciting one, and productive of considerable enthusiasm. Smith did the twirling for the visitors, and as usual his work was above criticism.

ATHLETIC.

YALE WON.

New York, May 30.—Yale won the inter-collegiate championship cup to-day in a most exciting meet, by half a point from Harvard.

The result of the meet was a doubt until after the running of the last event, in which Harvard would have had to get the first two places to win. Lightness, of Harvard, won, but Schick, who had broken down after the finish of the 100 yards dash, was beaten out by McIntosh, of Yale, thus giving Yale the victory.

Yale now has permanent possession of the championship cup, having won it six times. Harvard's four and Pennsylvania's four in the past 14 years. Beck, of Yale, won the shot put, and made a new record of 46 feet. W. E. Schutt, of Cornell, won the two mile run in 9:40, breaking the inter-collegiate and collegiate records for the distance.

YACHTING.

ANOTHER WIN FOR RELIANCE.

Matinecock Point, N. Y., May 30.—In to-day's race Reliance cruised the finish line at 3:32:28, and Constitution at 4:16:13, 21 minutes and 45 seconds, after Reliance.

In elapsed time Reliance beat Constitution 20 minutes and 25 seconds. When Constitution crossed the line she hoisted a protest flag, believed to be on account of Reliance forcing her across the line at the start. When Constitution finished the Col-umbia's was a mile and a half astern. Constitution had a slight accident to her balloon jib about eight miles from the finish.

ONE DESIGN CLASS RACE.

Saturday afternoon's race of the one design class yachts was won by the trim little flyer Redskin. The start was made at 3 p. m. and the finish at 4:30. Redskin was 2 minutes 15 seconds ahead of McIntosh's yacht, which was fouled by Mr. Barnard's. The yachts finished as follows: Redskin, sailed by Lieut. Blandy; McIntosh's yacht, second; Oneda, sailed by Lieut. Blandy, third; F. Barnard's yacht, fourth.

CRICKET.

VICTORIA WON.

A very close game was played between the Victoria Cricket Club eleven and a team from the Royal Artillery at Beacon Hill on Saturday afternoon. Victoria won by a very small margin. The score follows:

Victoria.

Wm. Gregson, c. Rivers, b. Askey 4

R. B. Jackson, b. Rivers, b. Longbottom 1

L. R. Trimmer, b. Longbottom 1

W. H. Bland, b. Crofts 0

Hon. E. Dewdney, b. Longbottom 0

W. P. Gooch, b. Crofts 0

P. C. Graham, b. Longbottom 0

D. Menzies, c. Johnson, b. Ashdown 2

N. Gillespie, b. Longbottom 2

C. B. Desville, c. out 20

R. G. Monteith, c. and 0

Extras 6

Total 47

Royal Artillery.

Gr. Johnson, b. Bland 2

R. Crofts, c. Jaeger, b. Menzies 22

Sergt. Askey, c. Bland, b. Gooch 20

R. Rivers, c. Gregson, b. Gooch 33

Gr. Longbottom, b. Jaeger 4

Lieut. Cameron, c. Gregson, b. Gooch 0

Gr. Ashdown, b. Jaeger 0

Corp. Spill, c. Gooch 2

Spr. Lancashire, b. Gooch 2

Gr. Kellett, b. Menzies 12

Gr. Wilks, not out 6

Extras 6

Total 80

THE WHEEL.

MEET AT BROCKTON POINT.

The opening bicycle meet of the season was held at Brockton Point on Saturday afternoon, under the auspices of the Vancouver Bicycle Club. The meet was most successful and reflects great credit on the officials of the club. While no fast times were made in the different events, the finishes were very close, several of the short distance races ending in dead heats.

Boldt, the Italian long distance rider, made two attempts to lower the quarter and mile track records, but was unsuccessful on both occasions.

The results of the different events were as follows:

One mile novice—First heat—Watson, 1st; Waddell, 2nd. Second heat—Burke, 1st; Fearnside, 2nd; C. Williams, 3rd. Final heat—Waddell, 1st; Fearnside, 2nd; C. Williams, 3rd. Time, 2:52 2-5.

Quarter-mile open—Dodd, 1st; Martin, 2nd. Time, 33 4-5.

Attempt to lower track record, unpaired, of 30 seconds, by C. Boldt, flying start. Time, 30 3-5.

Quarter-mile high wheel race—Mason, 1st; Lyttleton, 2nd. Time, 33 2-5.

Half-mile open—Dodd, 1st; Rivers, 2nd. Time, 1:15 1-5.

One mile Japanese race—H. Sam, 1st; Fugimoto, 2nd. Time, 2:56 1-5.

Quarter-mile handicap—Wilband (50 yards), 1st; Burke (25 yards), 2nd; Dodd (scratched), 3rd. Time, 34 2-5.

Japanese challenge race, one mile—H. Sam, 1st; Fugimoto, 2nd. Time, 3:00.

Half-mile handicap—Dodd, 1st; Wilband, 2nd. Time, 1:00.

Half-mile high wheel race, beat two in three heats—Carroll, 1st; Lyttleton, 2nd. Time, 1:58 2-5.

Two mile lap race—Martin, 1st, 15 points; Jeffs, 2nd, 12 points; Rivers, 3rd, 12 points; Burke, 4th, 9 points.

Quarter-mile tandem exhibition—Waddell and Bell, flying start. Time, 29 seconds.

Attempt to lower existing track record of 2:01 by C. Boldt, paced by triplet and tandem. Time, 2:03 4-5.

One mile consolation—Hooper, 1st; Findlay, 2nd. Time, 2:44.

AUSTIN CHAMBERLAIN.

1000